Ships.

gents.

THE ORGAN OF THE SEAFARING CLASS.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER FOR SEAFARING FOLK AND THEIR FRIENDS.

No. 6.—Vol. 1. [Registered at the General Post Office] SATURDAY, AUG. 11, 1888. [For Transmission Abroadasa Newspaper.] PRICE ONE PENNY.

YARNS.

XII.

A DAY IN OLD GREENWICH.

"Cavendish sailed up the Thames with marines and soldiers clothed in silk, with sails of damask and topsails of cloth of gold, and the richest prize that was ever brought at one time to the English shores."

Oh, he was a brave sea Captain,
That had sailed around the world,
And the sails that day fast stowed away
Had in many a gale been furled.
There were heaps and heaps of treasure,
Ingots of Spanish gold,
And gems of price, and fragrant spice,
Fast hoarded in the hold.

Proud trod the brave sea Captain,
His decks as white as milk,
And the very sails from his costliest bales
That day were made of silk.
The Captain was clad in velvet,
And his cutlass hilt shone fair,
And the common men in triumph then
Strewed gold dust in their hair.

There were bright eyes gleaming brighter
For the tears unshed that day,
And an honoured head grown whiter
For the years that had passed away.
Little recked they of the treasure
Or the honours he had won,
For the lady craves a lover brave,
And the mother waits a son.

Down stepped Queen Bess to greet them,
On a rough uneven way—
One who forth sprung and his cloak down
flung
Hath his fortune made that day—
Loud was the joyful cheering,
Bright was the smile of the Queen,
But the Captain sought and dearer
thought
Far humbler smiles I ween.

Fair was the lordly pageant
The silver Thames rolled fair,
Lusty and loud the joyous crowd
Flung welcomes on the air,
Gallant the Captain's bearing,
As his colours held in hand
He was dubbed a knight in all men's
sight
When he put his foot to land.

But there's somewhat prouder than triumph,
There's somewhat richer than spoil,
Dearer than safety when peril's past,
Or than rest is after toil.

Or than rest is after toil.

This the sea Captain tasteth,
With his mother by his side,
And his arm enlaced round the slender
waist
Of his own affianced bride.

XIII.

THE MYSTERIOUS MASTER.

I am reminded of an experience of my own by the following notes which I find in the columns of Fairplay:—

"A steamer sailing under the British flag has, as its chief engineer, a foreigner who does not possess a British certificate, and who does not even hold a foreign one. The rest of the engineers, with the exception of one, are likewise foreigners. The second engineer is the exception referred to, and he is an Englishman; he holds a certificate competent to clear the ship. To the eye of the Board of Trade this man is the 'chief,' and responsible as such. As a matter of fact he is only the bogus chief to serve the owner's purposes; that while he is responsible to the authorities, he has to act under the orders of his superior, the actual-foreign and uncertificated—chief engineer. chief engineer, the uncertificated foreigner, should get the ship into a mess, the 'second,' the Englishman, would have to stand the racket of it. This is a pretty arrangement. To make matters worse, not one of the foreigners in question can speak English. This is about as serious a muddle as could well be arranged, even if it were set about deliberately. owners, no doubt, save money by employing cheap foreigners, and they only have the Englishman as 'second' in order to figure-head the engine-room and blind the Barnacles. In a word, the double game pays. Now here is a case in which foreigners are being introduced to our steam service to serve the narrowest ends of selfish economy; not because of any incompetency or immorality on the part of our own men. Apart from the question of burking regulations, there comes the other question, is this steamer sea-

worthy?"
So much for Fairplay. Now for my own experience. Some 20 years ago I was third mate of a foreign-going ship, the master of which I had first met at a Liverpool hote! where he called himself, and was called, Captain. He was a genial man and we got on well together till we were out at sea, when I found that he was not a practical seaman in some respects. He could handle a ship as well as any man I ever knew, but I don't believe he could tie a reef knot, and I know he could not splice, nor steer, nor heave the lead. He could load a ship—getting a good freight, too—he could sail her, he could navigate her, but that was all. There were plenty of good provisions abroad and as much grog as was good for a man, and the ship had a capital crew. All hands liked the Skipper. Yet the

Skipper was a mystery to ali of us except the carpenter, who was a decrepit old man, whose work was done by a carpenter's mate, the carpenter nimself spending most of his time in smoking and drinking rum, of which he seemed to have a treble allowance. The rest of his time he devoted to cursing the carpenter's mate, and—especially in bad weather—crossing himself and offering to the Virgin

Prayers that were not so much petitions As overtures and propositions,

of the most detailed and explicit character. Indeed, they used to strike me as most irreverent. As this curious old card lived in the cabin I saw a good deal of him, and I noticed that he often treated the Skipper as a mere child. As the carpenter was invariably engaged in swearing when he was sober and praying when he was drunk (which, to do the rum justice, he always was after dinner), it was difficult to get any information from him, beyond vague hints that he was a far more important man than we supposed. On the passage home we had a collision and lost the ship, and I happened to be in charge of one of the boats that reached the Irish coast. I was in my bunk, asleep, at the time of the collision, and that I managed to get the chaps belonging to my watch into a boat and clear of the ship at all was a miracle. It was equally a cause for congratulation that I managed to reach land alive. Out of nine men in the boat only four were living when we landed. Two of the four died within a week from the effects of hunger and exposure, and the third man died within a year, as he never properly recovered. I am the only survivor of that boat's crew, I suppose because I was the youngest and strongest. It was while I was recovering from that five days' and six nights' starvation and exposure that I found out all about the skipper. I lodged with a man who had a shop and a bevy of lovely daughters with Irish blue eyes—Irish blue eyes are different from any other blue eyes. One of these girls (to adapt Coleridge to the situation)

"Loved me for the dangers I had passed, And I loved her that she did pity them" (and that she was so pretty and kind). In fact I love all the lovely girls, and it being impossible to have so many wives, even if they would have me, I have become a grey-haired bachelor. To return, however, to this particular charmer. Her father and I became friendly, and from him I learned the truth about my late Skipper. He—the Skipper—had begun life as a grocer's apprentice, had developed into a super cargo, and subsequently into

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part owner of a ship. In the capacity of supercargo he had made several voyages and had mastered navigation. Having become part owner he determined to be Skipper. He knew an old man who, having been master of a coaster when the Merchant Shipping Act came into force, got a certificate of service. man was nearly blind and quite past work. But the nautical grocer got hold of him, engaged him as master, and used The poor old him and his certificate to clear the ship, representing him to all hands as the carpenter. To all other intents and purposes the grocer was the captain. will thus be seen that Fairplay's yarn haits parallel. I ought to add that I never heard of our Skipper having been saved, while as for old "chips" he went down with the ship—because he was drunk.

XIV.

THE MERMAID OF ZENNOR. BY A. W.

Down by Zennor the waves were white With the western gale that had blown

Heaped on the sand as the tide went

Were the wreaths of tangle and oarweed brown.

Penwith of Penwith stood on the strand-Red broke the dawn on the Cornish land. White and golden there out in the bay-What lies on the reef where the breakers

It is not the foam of the surges white Nor the brown sea tangle that ripples so

The sun on the water flashed crimsonly; It blinded his eyes that he could not see. But it seemed to him that he did hear A wild voice ringing out sweet and clear, A woman's voice o'er the sunlit sea, And all that she sang was "Come to

Penwith of Penwith stood on the strand, The comeliest lad in the Cornish land,-

And but for a moment he was aware Of a white, white woman with golden

And laughing lips, and eyes that could

Men's souls from them, for sweetness

"Come," she sang, and beckoned to

The foam was hissing about his feet-First to ankle and then to knee,

Deeper and deeper into the sea.

And her eyes, and her voice, and her long They drew him, and would not let him

Away and away from Zennor shore; And Penwith of Penwith came back no

TESTIMONIAL TO A FIREMAN.—A committee has been formed at Paddington for the purpose of raising a testimonial in recognition of the services rendered by Engineer Penfold, who has just been awarded a full pension by the Metropolitan Board of Works on his retirement from the Metropolitan Fire Brigade. After more than 25 years' service, he is now incapacitated by ill-health, arising from injuries received whilst in the execution of his duty.

PASSED EXAMINATIONS.

Return of Masters, Mates, and Engineers reported to have passed examinations under the provisions of the Merchant Shipping Acts of 1854 and 1862, and to whom Certificates have been issued during the week ending August 4th,

Note—Ex. C. denotes Extra Master; O. C., Ordinary Master; 1 M., First Mate; O. M., Only Mate; and 2 M., Second Mate, S.S. denotes Steam Ship Certificates.

Thomson, J. Bruce, R. G. Rutherford, R.

FOREIGN TRADE.

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| Smith, C. C. | M | 100 | were floor |
| | | Greenock | towards the |
| NOTE - T- | ENGINEERS. | | Blyth now |

ENGINEERS. Note,—Ex. 1 C., denotes Extra First Class 1 C., First Class; 2 C., Second Class.

| No., First Cla | 88; 2 C., Se | cond Class |
|--|----------------------------|---|
| Name. Rundle, H. P. Spencer, G. L. Stephens, M. | Class. 2 2 2 2 | Port of Examination Cardiff Cardiff Cardiff |

Candiliotis, M.
Phillips, M.
Williams, E.
Parfitt, A. E.
Williams, T.
Johnston, G.
Abbott, D.
Manderson, C.
McCallum, J. A.
Thomas, J. Thomas, J.
Morgan, W.
Lister, A
Speedy, J. C.
Henry, W. P.
Leask, R.
Cahill, P. J. Fitzmaurice, C. H. Allan, C. Allan, C.
Sampson, H.
Cain, J.
Hutchison, H.
Garrett, W. L.
Foord, J. C.
Richmond, G. J.
Fairlie, T. F.
Tate, E. C.
Watson, R.
Gallacher, J.
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McFarlane, J. G. Gourlay, J. ROBERT JACKSON General Register and Record Office
of Shipping and Seamen,
Custom House,
London, E.C.
August 4th, 1888.

GENERAL SHERIDAN died at Nonquit,
Massachusetts, on Sunday night.

JOHN JACKSON was executed on Tuesday
last at Strangeways Gaol, Manchester, for the
murder of Webb, a warder of the prison.

The Lord Mayor has opened a subscription

THE Lord Mayor has opened a subscription for the sufferers by the recent floods in Poplar. for the sufferers by the recent noods in Popiar.

LLOYD's Signal Stations Bill, after having passed the House of Lords, has been read a second time in the House of Commons and referred to a Select Committee.

Herred to a Select Committee.

It is reported from The Hague that the First hamber of the States General ratified the orth Sea Liquor Traffic Convention and used the Bill extending Netherlands Bank parter for 15 years. Chamber North passed the Bill extended charter for 15 years.

charter for 15 years.

CHARGE OF MURDER AT SEA.—On the arrival of the National Line steamship Erin at Gravesend last Sunday afternoon she was boarded by Detective-sergeant White, of the Criminal Investigation Department, and he arrested Patrick Kelly, who is charged with murdering two of his shipmates, John Chapman and John Parry, on July 9th last, while the vessel was on her outward passage to New York. Detective White conveyed his prisoner to Bow-street, where he was next day charged and remanded.

ROYAL NATIONAL LIFEBOAT INSTITUTION.

TOPK. Detective White conveyed his prisoner to Bow-street, where he was next day charged and remanded.

ROYAL NATIONAL LIFEBOAT INSTITUTION.—At the recent meeting of this institution, olded at its house, in John street, Adelphi, chair. Rewards amounting to £101 were granted to the crews of lifeboats of the institution for services rendered during the past month. The Portrush lifeboat rendered assistance to the distressed brigantine Sunshine, of St. John, N.B.; the Dunwich lifeboat saviet do save the schooner Leeds, of Goole, her crew of five persons and the master's wife, after the vessel had been seriously damaged by lifeboat saved the yacht Petrel, of Barmouth, with two men on board, which was in danger granted to the crew of a shore boat for saving three persons whose boat had been capsized in Anong the contributions recently received towards the cost of the Littlehampton and lifeld Branch, to meet the expense of the Huddersfield new lifeboat, recently placed at Hasborough; £75 annual subscription from Mr. E. F. White and Miss White; and £13, Reports having been read from the district stations, the proceedings terminated.

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SEAFARING WAGES.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.] LONDON .- The rates here are :-

| IONDON.—The rates here are:—
| MEDITERRANEAN AND CONTINENT:—|
| A.B. £3 10s. per month,
| Firemen ... £3 15s. ... ,,
| A.B. ... £1 5s. to £1 8s. per week.
| Firemen ... £1 5s. to £1 8s. ,,
| NEW YORK:—|
| A.B. £3 10s. per month,
| Firemen ... £3 15s. ,,
| Trimmers ... £3 5s. ,,
| CAPE OF GOOD HOPE and NATAL:—|
| A.B. £3 10s. per month,
| Firemen ... £4 0s. ,,
| AUSTRALIA:—|
| A.B. £3 10s. per month,
| Firemen ... £3 15s. ,,
| Firemen ... £3 15s. ,,
| China and India:—|

CHINA and INDIA:

A.B. £3 10s. per month, Firemen ... £3 15s. and £4 ,, SAILING SHIPS (to all parts of the

World). A.B. £2 10s. per month. O.S. £1 10s. to £2 ,, LIVERPOOL:—The following are the rates ruling here for the places named:—Steamers. Sailing Ships, Calcutta, East Indies 3 0 0 Sailors Australia, South 3 10 0 Firemen } 2 10 0

| Africa | | | - | , |
|-------------------|---|----|---|-----------------------|
| China, Brazil | | | | |
| West Indies | 2 | 15 | 0 | Seamen |
| | 3 | 10 | 0 | Firemen |
| United States and | | | | |
| Canada | 3 | 10 | 0 | Seamen For Cargo Boat |
| | 4 | 0 | 0 | Firemen |
| " | 4 | 0 | 0 | Classes 1 |
| ** | A | 10 | 0 | Firemen Mail Boats |
| 35. 374 | 9 | | | Seamen |
| Mediterranean | 3 | 0 | 0 | |
| " | 3 | 10 | 0 | Firemen |
| Baltic | 3 | 5 | 0 | |
| | 3 | 15 | 0 | Firemen |
| San Francisco, | | | | |
| Valparaiso, S. | | | | |
| America, Oregon | | | | 2 10 0 |
| St. John, N.B | | | | 2 10 0 |
| West Africa | 2 | 10 | 0 | 44 |
| West Africa | | | | Trimmers |
| 11 | 3 | | 0 | |
| | 3 | | 0 | |
| Galveston | 3 | | 0 | |
| A 100 CO | 3 | 15 | 0 | Firemen |

To Quebec, £3 per month. On the coast £3 to £3 5s. per month. On steamboats, £3 10s. per month. Deep Water, £2 10s. per month.

SUNDERLAND:—The rates here are:—
Steamers, £3 15s. 0d. Seamen. Steamers, £4 Firemen.

\$\frac{44}{5}\$ Firemen.

S. Shields:—Wages here:—
Steamers, £3 10s. Seamen. Steamers, £3 15s. Firemen.—Sailing Ships, £2 10s. to £2 15s. 0d. Seamen; weekly wages, £1 8s. 0d.
Seamen (finding own food).

Newcastle-on-Tyne:—Wages:—
\$\frac{3}{2}\$ I5s. Firemen.—Sailing Ships, £2 10s. to £2 15s. Od. Seamen. Steamers, £3 15s. Firemen.—Sailing Ships, £2 10s. to £2 15s. 0d. Seamen (finding own food).

Hull.—Wages here:—
\$\frac{3}{2}\$ Steamers, £3 to £3 5s. Seamen.—Sailing Ships, £2 10s. Seamen.

Dublin:—The rate of wages in this port is as follows:—

port is as follows :-

port is as follows:—

Deep sea voyages, £2 10s. per month, with usual allotment.

Channel steamers from 25s. to 27s. per week.

Runners to Cardiff or Newport: sailing, £2 10s.; towing, £2.

Liverpool, 25s., either towing or sailing.

London, £5 sailing, £4 towing.

BRISTOL.—The rates here are:—

Per Month

| | 1 | Per | Mon | nth | |
|-----------------------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|--|
| Contract to the second | | £ | 8. | d. | |
| Sailing ships for Able Seamen | | 2 | 15 | 0 | |
| Salling ships for Ordinary Seamen | | 2 | 0 | 0 | |
| Steam ships for Able Seamen | | 3 | 10 | 0 | |
| Steam ships for Firemen | | 4 | 0 | 0 | |

We extract the following from the Portland (Or.) Journal of Commerce:—On American ships higher wages are paid the sailors than on any others, besides the food being of a far superior character, and as this is a fact pretty well known among the seafaring population of Europe, it would not be difficult to obtain experienced mariners for the American mercantile fleet, whenever it may revive from its present lethargy. France and Germany are substantially subsidising various lines of steamers to different parts of the world, in order to give their shipping business a good start, for no nation has been able to be successful in securing a good share of sea transportation without having been subsidised in some way or other at the start, and if the surplus in our National Treasury vaults at Washington cannot be utilised in any satisfactory manner, why not imitate the example of other countries, and subsidise American lines in one or two directions, say to the Orient, England, and Germany, so as to enable the present rate of salaries and wages to be maintained on board of ship, and at the same time the freight and passenger rates to be no higher than at present? We do not go so far as to advocate this plan, but merely suggest that it is one way of lessening our enormous surplus, although there are many other methods superior to this. We append below tables showing the difference between wages paid to our sailors and those received by those of several other nationalities, from which it will be seen that ours are nearly twice as high in most instances, whilst those paid on the English Atlantic lines about equal those paid on this coast.

SEAMEN'S WAGES.

| | | | | | DOL. |
|-------------------------|---------|--------|-------|-------|-------|
| Germany | *** | *** | *** | | 10.12 |
| Norway and | d Swee | len | *** | | 10.33 |
| Russia | | | | | 10.70 |
| Denmark | | *** | | | 10.94 |
| Spain | | *** | | | 13.62 |
| England | | *** | *** | *** | 14.59 |
| England A | tlantic | Vova | ges | | 19.46 |
| England A United Sta | tes At | lantic | Coast | *** | 18.00 |
| Pacific Coa | | | | *** | 20.00 |
| Cost of | daily 1 | mainte | nance | per m | an. |

| | | | | | C | ENTS |
|----------|-------|-------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| Norway a | and S | weden | *** | *** | *** | 23 |
| Denmark | | *** | | *** | *** | 25 |
| Russia | | *** | | *** | | 28 |
| England | | *** | *** | *** | *** | 29 |
| Spain | | *** | *** | *** | | 30 |
| Germany | | | | | | 36 |

AT Folkestone Jean Dainsel, master of the French fishing lugger St Pierre, of Boulogne, has been fined £20 for fishing in British waters. Dainsel was convicted of a similar offence only the previous week.

British waters. Dainsel was convicted of a similar offence only the previous week.

The Wreck Register.—The abstracts of the Wreck Register for the year ended on June 30th, 1888, show that there were no fewer than 3,596 vessels which met with accidents on the coasts of the United Kingdom during that period—a number less by 168 than the cases of the year preceding. The lives lost were 396, as compared with 478 in the year before. The decrease may fairly be attributed partly to the efforts of the lifeboat service, and to other life saving appliances, and partly to the improved construction of vessels, and to the development of education and of temperance principles among the crews. The proportion of vessels involved in collision (1,232) was unusually large; while there was a considerable increase in the number of total losses and serious casualties, the former having increased from 291 to 310, and the latter from 528 to 651, the minor casualties having fallen from 1,571 to 1,403. Of the total 3,596 casualties, 3,284 befell British and colonial ships and steamers, and 312 foreign vessels. Of the 396 lives lost, 340 were from British and colonial vessels and 56 from foreign ships; 45 perished in foundered vessels, 91 in collisions, 112 in stranded vessels, and 88 in missing vessels; the remaining 60 perished in various ways, such as explosions, being washed overboard, &c. The total number of lives lost on our shores from shipwrecks in the last 30 years was 22,191; but, appalling as this total is, in the same period as many as 22,500 were saved through the instrumentality of the Royal National Lifeboat Institution, so that the number of lives saved by this means alone was in excess of those lost. Up to December 31st last the institution had been instrumental in rescuing, since its establishment in 1824, 33,243 persons.

HOTEL DIRECTORY.

A BERDEEN.—ADELPHI HOTEL, Adelphicourt, Union-street. Comfort and moderate charges.

BATH.—YORK HOUSE FAMILY HOTEL. Established 1765. First-class Establishment, with numerous suites of elegant Apartments for Families and Gentlemen. Tariff revised and moderate.

E. ASHOROFT, Proprietress. And at St. Vincent's Rocks Hotel, Clifton.

BATH.—WALDRON'S PRIVATE HOTEL, 2, Queen's-square. Comfortable suites of rooms for large or small families.

BIRMINGHAM.—GREAT WESTERN HOTEL. First-class accommodation for Families and Commercial Gentlemen at moderate rates. Centrally situated, and replete with every comfort. Night Porter. Stock Rooms.

moderate rates. Centrally situated, and replete with every comfort. Night Porter. Stock Rooms.

T. J. Chapman, Manager.

BIRMINGHAM.—Albion Hotel, Family and Commercial, Edmund-street and Livery-street, opposite Great Western Station. Moderate charges. Night Porter.

JOHN NUTT, Proprietor (late North Western Hotel, Stafford).

BRIGHTON.—HAXELL'S MARINE HOTEL.

By a cash system originated here, Visitors can estimate their expenses to a shilling per diem. Visitors en pension 10s. 6d. daily; no extras whatever; most liberal board and charming rooms. To Visitors, not en pension, Apartments, 2s. 6d. Drawing Room and Bedroom, en suite, 8s. 6d.; 10s. 6d., 12s. 6d. per day; breakfast, 1s. 6d.; luncheons, 1s. 6d.; dinner from 2s. 6d.; service, 1s. 6d. The Hotel is conducted with the same liberality and attention to detail that has rendered his London Establishment so popular.

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BRISTOL.—VICTORIA HOTEL, Family and Commercial, Temple Gate, nearly opposite to and within three minutes' walk of the Great Western and Midland Terminus. Open for the Night Mails.

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IN THE DOG WATCH.

By ALL HANDS.

It is pleasing to note that among the recommendations which the Select Committee on the Navy Estimates have agreed to include in their report is one for the establishment of a dry dock at Bombay, a project which in the interests of the navy has for several years been pressed upon the attention of the Admiralty. Let us hope that the Government will have the pluck to insist on this necessary expenditure.

"Recent investigations by Lieutenant Pillsbury, U.S.N., commanding the coast survey steamship Blake, have developed the important fact that the Gulf Stream is subject to lunar influence." So a contemporary gravely remarks, as if a startling discovery had been made. Lunar influence is evidently not confined to the Gulf Stream or the tides, especially when the moon is full. The United States Division of Marine Meteorology, in connection with which the Blake is employed, is, however, doing valuable work. It is stated that this work is to be continued, and the Blake will be brought up in the equatorial current off the coasts of South America and the West India Islands for that purpose.

The Belfast Sailors' Home appears to be in a flourishing condition, judging from the annual report of that institution, which somebody has been kind enough to send us. The credit for this satisfactory state of things is attributed by those who ought to know to the able superintendence of Mr. and Mrs. M'. Keown, the master and mistress of that establishment. Last winter shipwrecked sailors turned up there almost every day, so that Mr. and Mrs. M'. Keown apparently had enough to do, and ought to be gratefully remembered for their attention by many a stranded shellback.

According to advices from San Francisco, a strike is imminent among the coast seamen. The shipowners have held a meeting and decided to reduce the wages 5dol. all round, thus bringing them down to 30dol. a month on coasting trips, and 25dol. a month to the Islands. The wages before were 35dol. a month coasting and 30dol. a month to the Islands. The Union has refused to allow men to ship at that rate, and as a consequence there are many fine vessels laid up. Non-union men were scarce, but the option was presented to the Union men of accepting the reduction or striking. It is evident from this intelligence that the Coast Seamen's Union is an organisation that owners and skippers must reckon with in 'Frisco. The fact that the Union has a weekly newspaper of its own is further evidence of its power.

Referring to the yarn headed "Love's Young Dream," in last week's Seaffaring, a correspondent writes to us from Liverpool asserting that "It is nonsense to say that a chemist's apprentice could have been appointed surgeon of a brig without being a duly qualified surgeon." If our Liverpool friend will visit Dundee or Peterhead and interview men who have been engaged in the whalers or sealers

belonging to those ports, he will find that it is the custom to employ raw medical students and occasionally chemist's apprentices as surgeons of such craft. It is only when a vessel carries a certain number of passengers that care is taken to have a duly qualified surgeon. When she only carries seamen almost anyone is considered good enough to doctor them. What has the Board of Trade to say to this?

If only for the sake of getting a glimpse of the charming scenery in its neighbourhood, the Alexandra Palace, near London, is not a bad place to visit. Just at present "lifeboats and other lifesaving apparatus" are being exhibited there, and it would appear from the show that the problem of providing a practicable steam lifeboat has at last been solved. Sailors ashore in London will find the exhibition well worth a visit. Including return fare from Aldgate, it will not cost more than a couple of shillings, and it will instruct as well as amuse them.

Only citizens of the United States can command American ships. There Brother Jonathan differs from John Bull, who lets foreigners be masters of his ships. In the event of war John may find himself mistaken. Meanwhile a good many people must sympathise with the protest which has lately been made at Philadelphia by several masters of British steamers. These officers complain that while many masters holding British certificates cannot obtain employment, many British steamers, trading between the United States and West Indian ports, are commanded by men who have not Board of Trade certificates. This is hard lines, but it is quite in accordance with British law. A British ship must have a master with a certificate when she clears from a British port, but she may trade between foreign ports with any lubber for a skipper.

"Queenstown to New York in five days." Such is the performance promised by the Fairfield Company for a new steamer which they are to build. At the Glasgow Exhibition is shown a model of the promised wonder, and on a plate affixed to the stand, visitors are told that the dimensions are: Length, 560ft.; breadth, 63ft.; depth, 53ft.; with a tonnage of 11,500 tons. She has accommodation for 1,000 first-class, a few second, and a large number of third-class passengers. She is divided internally by 17 watertight bulkheads. There are four funnels for 12 boilers, placed in four watertight compartments. The vessel will be propelled by twin screws, but the power of the engines is not given. On the same inscription it is stated that the voyage from Queenstown to New York is to be made in five days.

According to a contemporary "there is an old sailor living at Milton-next-Sittingbourne who was born in 1789, and who as a boy sat on Nelson's knee. He describes the late Admiral as having been 'a funny little man,' which reminds one somewhat of a lately deceased French actor, who remembered Napoleon as un petit homme gros, pas distingue du tout."

Apropos of the Victory, of which we spoke last week, the last of those who fought aboard her died more than 10 years ago. The Newcastle Daily Journal for November 15th, 1876, thus records the event:—"There died at Dundee, on Monday, Mr. James Chapman, the last survivor of those who fought on board the Victory, under Lord Nelson, at the battle of Trafalgar, on October 21st, 1805. Mr. Chapman was in his 92nd year. He was discharged at the peace of 1814. Although frequently in action he was never wounded, and he had no pension."

After the direful experiences of the past week the inhabitants of such of our Northern seaports as are still in existence have naturally been in a state of very considerable alarm. "Our turn next!" is the shivering burghers' thought. There is, however, one notable and gallant exception. "Irvine," we learn, "with its triple line of defence in the bar, the battery, and the fumes of the chemical works, appears likely to enjoy immunity from attack." There is something slightly Chinese in the idea of a community's confiding in its (literal) evil odour as a means of repelling the invader. Possibly, however, there may be a touch of satire here at the expense of some of our obsolete warships.

The exploits of H.M. ships Calypso and Spider, which have been destroying shipping in the Firth of Clyde and laying Scotch seaports in ruins, have an important bearing upon some remarks recently made in these columns on the subject of our coast defences. Apart from the large sums in specie "requisitioned" by the captains of the two vessels named, the damage supposed to be done must be estimated at hundreds of thousands—possibly millions of pounds, and had the warfare been real, instead of mimic, the sacrifice of life would have been appalling. It may be said that, had war actually broken out between Great Britain and some foreign Power, measures would have been adopted which would have rendered such exploits as those referred to all but impossible. That may be so; but, at the same time, it is to be hoped that the very practical lessons inculcated by the Calypso and Spider will not be forgotten or ignored.

Apropos, the "unco' guid" of Greenock and Rothesay are terribly scandalised by the fact of the bombardments having taken place on a Sunday. They could have borne the outrage on any day of the week other than the first. "Playing at war is all very well on week-days," writes one stern Sabbatarian, "but to indulge in such games on the sacred Day of Rest is a gross violation of God's holy law." It does not seem to have suggested itself to this worthy man that the object of "such games" is to arouse the country to the necessity of protecting itself against the incursions of those who would not "play at war," but would wage it in deadly earnest. The commander of an enemy's ship would be very likely indeed to select Sunday for the bombardment of one of our peaceful seaports, and it is just possible that the mimic cannonade that disturbed the "douce" Greenockians in

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their pews may go far towards rendering impossible the conversion of some future Day of Rest into one of hideous ruin, slaughter, and lamentation.

The moment when our modern tars were engaged in mimic warfare was an appropriate one for the unveiling, in Sunderland Churchyard, of a memorial tombstone which has been erected in honour of a gallant tar of the olden time. That hero was Jack Crawford, the seaman who nailed Admiral Duncan's flag to the mast of the *Venerable*, at the battle of Camperdown in 1797, when the Dutch fleet was almost annihilated. The unveiling ceremony was witnessed by a very large number of Navy, Royal Naval Reserve, and merchant service, and seems to have been deeply impressive. Bravo, Jack Crawdeeply impressive. Bravo, Jack Crawford! And may Britons ever be as ready as you were to nail their colours to the mast-whether literally or metaphorically -in a good cause!

If it be true, as a contemporary states, that Mr. W. Clark Russell "has, in great measure, if not entirely, severed his connection with the Daily Telegraph," it is to be hoped that this implies rather an increase than a diminution of that admirable nautical writer's literary activity. While plain tars occasionally find Mr. Russell's descriptions a little too high flown, and his incidents slightly improbable, every seafaring man who reads his stories or articles, admits that he "knows what he's talking about."

According to a paragraph which has been "going the rounds," the long-pending dispute as to the load-line of steamers is on the eve of settlement. As we are reminded, a Commission reported on the matter some time back, but, says the paragraph referred to, "there has since been some difficulty as to one or two types of steamers now growing very numerous." Seafarers will understand the reference

In connection with the Queen's approaching visit to Glasgow, it may be interesting to mention that the Victoria and Albert in which her Majesty in falls cruising round the inner locks of the Clyde, is the only steam paddle yacht now afloat. Paddle steamers, as most seafarers know, are much steadier than "screws," and it is a little surprising that other owners besides her Majesty should not have regarded this consideration of contraction of contrac tion as outweighing the many advantages of the propeller. The Victoria and Albert, it may be mentioned, is a steamer of 2,470 tons, and of great length. She will be docked while the Queen remains at Blythswood House.

The latest rival, in the "open-air amusement" line, of the time-honoured "swing-boat" and "roundabout," and the more modern toboggan and switchback, is, it appears, a contrivance known as "the ocean wave," and consisting of a series of boats, which, by means of machinery, are made to roll and toss in the most "lifelike" manner. It is said that the that the mere contemplation of the

apparatus, when in full swing, will produce seasickness in a susceptible subject, while he (or she) who makes a "voyage" with internal arrangements undisturbed may thenceforward claim credit for being what landsmen call "a good sailor." This curious apparatus might be turned to useful account in the case of some of those numerous young gentlemen who yearn after a life on the actual "ocean

SEA FISHERIES REGULATION BILL.

The Standing Committee on Trade have been considering the Sea Fisheries Regulation Bill. The first clause provided that the Board of Trade may from time to time, on the application of a County Council, create a sea fishing district, define its limits, and provide for the constitution of a local fisheries committee for the regulation of the sea fisheries carried on within such district

Sir M. Hicks-Beach moved an amendment giving a power of initiative to any urban or rural sanitary authority. He was pressed to consent to those interested in fishing having the right of making application to the Board of Trade, and he replied that he could not assent to this, nor could he undertake to make it compulsory on the Board of Trade to act on any application made to them. His amendment was agreed to.—Sir E. Birkbeck moved an amendment providing that in the constitution of such committee due provision shall be made for the adequate representation of all the different kinds of fisheries and fishing interests within the limits of such districts.—Sir M. Hicks-Beach having suggested that it would M. Hicks-Beach having suggested that it would be more conveniently moved at a later stage of the Bill, Sir E. Birkbeck withdrew the amendment.—Sir E. Birkbeck successfully moved a new sub-section, providing that where a County Council refuses to apply to the Board of Trade to create a sea fisheries district, the persons requiring it to apply should themselves be entitled to make the application for an order.—Mr. Maurice Healy carried, on a division, an amendment, which was opposed by Sir M. Hicks-Beach, to the effect that a similar right of appeal should be given to the ratepayers if the urban or sanitary authority refused or neglected to act, and a further amendment was agreed to requiring that the number of the ratepayers making the application should not be less than 20. A provision was agreed to requiring the Board of Trade, before making any order, creating a sea fisheries district, to publish the draft of the order, and if objections are made to it, to cause a local inquiry to be held. The first clause was then agreed to. A few amendments were made in the second clause, and the committee adjourned till the next day. On Clause 3, which deals with penalties, it was agreed, at the instance of Mr. Rowntree, that any local fishery committee may impose a fine of not more than £20, instead of £10, for a single offence, with a continuing penalty not exceeding £10, in lieu of £1. The clause was then added to the Bill, as also were 4 and 5.—Mr. T. Ellis proposed to amend Clause 6, which empowers local committees to appoint fishery officers, by making the following addition:—"Provided that nothing in this section shall absolve the Coastguard and Admiralty officers from their duty in enforcing the laws and regulations affecting vessels engaged in sea fishing." This clause was so altered as to declare that every fishery committee should collect such statistics and make such returns as the Board of Trade might reasonably ask for, but should not be required to incur any expense in doing so. Clause 9 having been agreed t be more conveniently moved at a later stage of the Bill, Sir E. Birkbeck withdrew the amendment.—

SAILORS' HOMES

ARE ESTABLISHED AT

A MSTERDAM. BELFAST. BOMBAY.

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BRISTOL. CALCUTTA.

CALLAO. CARDIFF.

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GLOUCESTER.

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GREAT YARMOUTH.

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MILFORD.

NEW YORK.

NORTH SHIELDS.

PLYMOUTH.

PORTSMOUTH.

OUEENSTOWN.

RAMSGATE.

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ST. JOHN'S, NEW BRUNSWICK.

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OPINIONS OF THE PRESS ON "SEAFARING":-

- "Will be appreciated by all who go down to the sea in ships."—Literary World. "Ably and smartly written."—Morning Advertiser.
- "What sailors are interested in, and need to know, is culled from all quarters."—The Star.
- "Brightly and pleasantly written, and contains much that is sure to command the interested attention of the general reader."—The Evening News.

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 "Much valuable information, otherwise unobtainable, is to be found in its pages."—Gossip.

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SOME SEAFARERS.

VI.

SIR CLOUDESLEY SHOVEL.

We have seen how in the Armada days England was at death-grips with Spain. But when some 60 years later the latter country ceased to be very formidable, an older and in some ways more dangerous enemy of English and European peace stepped into the breach left by the Spaniards. France, in the middle of the 17th century, was at the height of her power. With her vast and well-appointed armies, great wealth, a young and very ambitious king, and the subtlest of diplomats at his back, it needed a huge coalition of Protestant Powers to withstand her arrogant aggressions. And just as in the days of Queen Bess our own religious and political freedom depended on our ships, so in the days of William and Mary, of Anne, of George II., and George III., the liberty of Europe found its firmest bulwark in the British fleet.

No wonder, then, if our men-o'-war, on which so much depended, became the nurseries of a mighty seafaring generation. No wonder if our seamen, from the highest to the lowest, were a race by themselves; a race of which every member was quick with a rugged individuality and big with magnificent possibilities. No wonder if the cabin boys rose to be admirals, and if the admirals died at the helm, or sword in hand in the thick of the fight! The very names of the old admirals, as Mr. R. L. Stevenson points out, possess a nobility of breezy sound all their own. There are the Blakes and the Benbows, the Nelsons and the Ansons, the Rookes and the Rodneys. Neither last, nor least, there is "that mouthful of quaint and high-sounding syllables," Sir Cloudeslev Shovel

Cloudesley Shovel. What a history is before us when we read that man's name! We are taken back, first of all, to the times of old Oliver, the stern Protector, the first "Jingo," the founder, after Queen Bess, of England's oceanic empire; for it was under the grim Puritan sailors that little Cloudesley first saw service. Born in the year 1650 at Clay, a Norfolk fishing village, the future commander of England's fleets was apprenticed by his poor parents to a local cobbler. But soon, seeing the great ships passing out at sea, as he sat mending shoes, a longing seized him for a free life on the ocean. "The cobbler should not go beyond his last," says a Latin proverb, but the lad was wiser than the makers of old sayings. He ran away, and became a cabin boy on board a man of war, commanded by Sir Christopher Minns. Soon young Shovel got hold of some works on navigation, mastered them, and so deftly pushed himself into notice that he was allowed to ship as an able seaman. Brave, open-hearted, noted for thorough knowledge of seamanship, the young man rose step by step, till in 1674 we find him nothing less than a lieutenant on board a man of war in the Mediterranean. Sent by Sir John Narborough, the captain, whose widow, by-the-bye, he afterwards married, into the presence of the Bey of Tripoli, whose cut-throat pirate subjects had for years harassed our Levant merchants, Cloudesley Shovel pluckily demanded satisfaction for the past and security for the future. The lazy Turk made game of his boyish appearance, and put him off with evasive words. "Very well, we shall see," said

the young officer, and when he again came to the Bey's divan he took note of the position of the enemy's forts round the They were badly placed, and Shovel determined to burn the shipping under their very muzzles. So, on the night of March 4th, with a flotilla of boats, he singed the Turk's beard to admiration. Wherefore the Tripolines went down on their knees, and sued for peace. The rough long-haired lad-for sailors despised the foppish wigs of that day—had got his baptism of fire, and that so gamely that, through Sir John Narborough's good offices, he was forthwith put in command of a fifth-rate. The Sapphire was soon exchanged for the James galley, and that again for a thirdrate, in command of which he figures in the battle of Bantry Bay. So well did he fight in that action for liberty, Protestantism, and the rule of England at sea, that Dutch William came down to Portsmouth and knighted him with his own hand. In 1690 the staunch Whig seadog ferries over William III. and his army to Ireland, and the King, again with his own hand, delivers him a commission of rear-admiral of the blue. In 1692 the last-named colour becomes red, when Shovel ferries his Royal master over to that land of tulips, which the latter loved so well. But Shovel was not the man to sink into a mere courtly carpet commander.

Louis XIV., the "Grand Monarch" as his flatterers loved to call him, and with him our own fugitive, King James II., were about to make one of those sudden descents on our south coast which have been immemorially threatened and frustrated. The French hoped they had got a traitorous ally in our Commander-in-Chief, Admiral Russell But "do not think I will let the French triumph over us in our own seas," he said. And he was as good as his word. Together with Sir Cloudesley Shovel he led to the attack the fleet of the Grand Alliance (the Alliance, that is, of the Protestant Powers, who were determined to crush despotic Louis). Admiral Tourville's 50 ships were driven, after a five hours' struggle, along the coast of Cotentin.
Twenty-two reached St. Malo, but 13 under Tourville himself were burnt one after the other by the English boats, as they took refuge in the bays of Cherbourg and La Hogue.

After the signal victory of La Hogue, which set William firmly on the throne, Shovel joined Russell permanently in the command of the fleet. Joint commands are often disastrous, and so it proved. Our fleet was defeated more than once, and Shovel was the mark for popular hatred. But the bluff seaman cleared himself before Parliament and in so doing threw back the blame on the Admiralty. It would be possible to here digress for a considerable time on the subject of Government mismanagement of our ships. Suffice it to ray, however, that in the 17th century such mismanagement was at its worst. Often were responsible commands given to dandies from the Court—men who could only lie in harbour, feasting, swaggering, and dicing, whilst brave men like Shovel were compelled with wholly insufficient resources to do the work they could not undertake. Often, too, joint commands proved calamitous even when such men as Shovel and Russell were the commanders.

In 1694 and 1702 Shovel commanded expeditions against France and Spain into the details of which it is not necessary to enter. In 1703 he protected our trade in the Mediterranean, at the same time helping the Protestant French, who were in arms against Louis XIV. in the Cevennes, and countenancing those Italian States which showed a tendency to befriend the allies. In 1704 he joins fleets with Sir George Rooke, and plays his part in the action off Malaga. Gibraltar is taken by the two great commanders in the same year. Upon his return to England, the Prince Consort, George of Denmark, presents Shovel to Queen Anne. The reception is gracious, though not, of course, such as old Bess would have given to her dear sea-dogs of Devon; and Sir Cloudesley becomes commander-in-chief of the British fleets. The cabin boy has reached his goal!

But the end is coming. In 1705 it was necessary to send both a fleet and an army to Spain. Jointly with the earls of Peterborough and Monmouth, Cloudesley Shovel was put in command of the fleet, which reached Barcelona on August 12th. The town was taken by the land-force, Shovel lending the guns and the men to fire them. Then an unsuccessful attempt was made on Toulon, and the admiral set about returning home. On October 22nd, being in command of 10 ships of the line besides fireships, a sloop, and a yacht, he came into the soundings off Scilly, and had 90 fathom water. At noonday he lay by, but again made sail at six in the evening, and stood away under his courses, probably in the direction of what he supposed to be the light on Saint Agnes. At eight o'clock those on board the Saint George saw several ships of the fleet making signals of distress, one of them being the flagship. In three or four minutes, long before help could be sent, the vessels had sunk! They had struck on the rocks near Scilly. There were 800 souls on board the Association, which was Admiral Shovel's flagship. Not one was saved!

The day following some fishermen found a dead body on the beach at Scilly. On one hand was a valuable emerald ring. They took it, for they were wreckers to a man, and stripping the body they hid it in the sand. But noise of the ring got abroad, and the fishermen were forced to show where they had unwittingly buried the illustrious Sir Cloudesley Shovel. With all pomp and circumstance he was laid in Westminster Abbey, and a flamboyant monument adorned the place of his rest. Yet, peradventure, the sands of Scilly would have been a fitter grave for one whose glory and whose death were of the sea.

On board the Nettle target ship at Portsmouth on Saturday some important experiments were made with explosive shells lired from the ordinary 6in. breechloading gun. One Melinite shell penetrated a steel armourplate 10½ in. in thickness, after which it passed through a 3½ft. teak backing, and travelled to the other side of the deck, penetrating the bulkhead and passing out at the ship's side.

THE Governor's messages to the Queen and Prince of Wales, announcing the opening of the Melbourne Centennial Exhibition, consisting of 117 and 86 words respectively, were transmitted between Melbourne and London, via the Eastern Company's lines, in 38 and 49 minutes respectively. Her Majesty's reply of congratulation, consisting of 13 words, reached Melbourne in 16 minutes after its receipt at the London station.

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August 11, 1888.

SEAFARING (150, Minories, E., 1d. weekly) weighed anchor on July 7th with a cargo that will be appreciated by all who go down to the sea in ships. Literary World, July 20th, 1888.

On Saturday was issued the first number of Seafaring, a penny weekly journal devoted to the interests of the seafaring class. The want of some independent medium for the expression of seafaring opinion has long been felt, and this want the new journal will, in all probability, adequately supply. The present number is full of such news as must render it welcome to nautical men, and is besides ably and smartly written.—Morning Advertiser, July 9th, 1888.

We have received and perused with much interest the first number of a new Saturday journal entitled SEAFARING. As its name implies, it is an organ devoted to the interests of that class which is the backbone of our commercial prosperity as a people, and, as far as can be judged from a first issue, the new venture promises to do good service for those in whose special behoof it is started. Unlike the majority of class-newspapers it is brightly and pleasantly written, and contains much that is sure to command the interested attention of the general the interested attention of the general reader. The muse of verse-writing is pretty extensively invoked in the number before us, the editorial programme is frankly put before the public, and several of the prose "yarns" are very readable. Seafaring looks as if it meant business, and good business, and good business, and good business, and good business. and good business, too, in the long run.-The Evening News, July 9th, 1888.

SEAFARING is the title of a new organ of the seafaring class, which is to be published weekly by Mr. Victor G. Plarr, at 150, Minories, London. We do not know of any journal which occupies the ground or sea-intended to be covered by this new periodical. It is racy of the ocean, and is intended more for the forecastle than for the cabin, but yet there will be something for both, and something also for those who "follow the sea" only with their eyes-and hearts-from the land. The object of the publisher is to furnish 'a fair and fearless organ in the Press' for the seafaring community. It will advocate the interests of seamen, but is in no way intended to set class against class, and it will be "as largely as possible written by hands which can wield a marlinspike as well as a pen." And where it does not instruct Seafaring promises to amuse, for it means to be "a lively paper." The first number, we are hvely paper." The first number, we are told, has been rather hastily got up, but it is full of interesting matter, and has also plenty of jollity. Notable among the contents are some graceful verses, "The Message of the Sea," by Gordon Gun, formerly of Glasgow.—Glasgow Herald, July 12th 1888 July 12th, 1888.

Almost every trade nowadays has its trade organ, and some businesses are served by many papers. The latest addition to trade journalism is SEAFARING, a weekly penny paper, which had birth on the 7th inst. The name indicates the What sailors are interested in, and need to know, is culled from all quarters, and brought within the columns of the new journal as succinctly as possible. The state of the labour market, the wages at a large number of well known ports, an

hotel directory, a list of leading Sailors' Homes throughout the world, and postal information, form features of the "dry useful information" class, and there is also a collection of good literary matter to interest and instruct the sailor ashore or afloat.—The Star, July 17th, 1888.

I received, the other day, a copy of a w little weekly, called Seafaring, little weekly, called which is intended to appeal to all those "who go down to the sea in ships." This attractive publication is, I believe, the first English one of its kind, and it should become a necessity to the sailor, whether captain, ordinary seaman, or yachtsman. Much valuable information, otherwise unobtainable, is to be found in its pages, among which I notice tables of seamen's wages, lists of outward bound vessels, sailors' homes, and the like. Some space is reserved for entertaining literature, and practical articles, written by seamen for seamen, are also included. There is a paper in America devoted to this class of readers, and I should think the seafarers of this infinitely greater maritime nation will welcome gladly so worthy an organ of their calling. I am told that already their calling. I am told that already the paper is selling well, so I have pleasure in bidding it "God-speed" and a prosperous voyage, which, I may add, I hope will be also a long one.—Gossip, July 21st, 1888.

Of the making and issuing of periodicals there appears to be no end. It is not often, however, that they break fresh ground. I have just looked through the first number of a clever, instructive, and amusing little paper with the original amusing little paper with the original title—which is something in these days of general usedupedness—"Seafaring, the organ of the seafaring class," published weekly, price one penny, at 150, Minories London, E. In his initial leader, the editor says:—"Seafaring is intended to editor says:—"Seafaring is intended to advocate the interests of the seafaring class of this great maritime Empire.
Seafaring is in no way intended to set class against class. Should the occasion arise we shall be found at least as ready as most of our journalistic brethren to suffer in defence of the right. But the cause of the seafarers is not to be advanced by attacks on shipowners and officers. Where shipowners and officers are manifestly in the wrong, we shall not hesitate to say so. But neither shall we hesitate to point out where the seamen are wrong. . . . This journal will be are wrong. . . . This journal will be as largely as possible written by hands which can wield a marlinspike as well as a pen." Ye mariners of Milford, Fishguard, Newport, and Cardigan, who live at home at ease, or tempt the dangers of the seas, "Awast there!" as Cap'en Cuttle would say, and out with the shot from your lockers to aid this trim little craft that has just been launched for the furtherance of your heroic calling.— Haverfordwest and Milford Haven Tele graph, July 18th, 1888.

SEAFARING is the title of a new journal in the interests of the seafaring class. It will appeal to and contain matter of interest to seamen, fishermen, yachtsmen, travellers by sea, and, indeed, all "who go down to the sea in ships." The editor is well-known as an excellent authority on his subject. No. 1 contains a powerful and graphic poem, "The Message of the Sea," by Gordon Gun, who is well-known in Scottish journalism .- Stationery and Bookselling, July,

HOTEL DIRECTORY.

IVERPOOL.—PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL,
Southport. Southport is half an hour's rail
journey only from Liverpool, and is the
popular resort of Liverpool Families. The
Hotel affords high-class accommodation at

Hotel affords high-class accommodation at strictly moderate charges.

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IVERPOOL. — The Grand Hotel, Lime street, opposite the North-Western Railway Station, and two minutes from the Midland (Central) Station. Suites of Rooms for families. Magnificent Coffee Room. Electric Light throughout. Passenger Elevator. Table D'Hote, Separate Tables, from 5.30. To 8 p.m. For tariff apply to Geo. Schottler, Secretary and Manager.

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tage of using the Grill Room, Dining Rooms, &c., at the restaurant price, instead of paying the usual Hotel charges. Private Dining Rooms.

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SWANSEA.—CAMERON ARMS HOTEL.

This old-established Hotel is situated in the centre of the town. First-class accommodation and moderate charges.

J. PARADISE, Proprietor

SHIPS SPOKEN.

Helena Mena, of London, bound south, August 4th, 45 N 7 W;
Craigburn, of Greenock, bound SW, August 5th —last two per Quetta s, at Plymouth.

J. T. North, of Liverpool, steering west, July 30th, 49 N W, per Kjoge, at Havre.
Lillian Morris (Br ish), July 11th, 19 N 37 W, per Kambyse's s, at Havre.
HLST (Swedish barque), bound south, July 25th, 11 N 27 W;
Plato s, bound south, July 26th, 16 N 26 W;
Loch Sloy, of Glasgow, bound south, July 29th, 27 N 22 W;
Afir (?) (German barque), bound south, July 29th, 30 N 18 W;
Paranagua (German steamer), bound south,

29th, 30 N 18 W;
Paranagua (German steamer), bound south, August 2nd, 40 N 13 W;
Vale, of Arendal, August 2nd, 40 N 13 W—
last six per Havelius s, at Southampton.
Drumeraig, of Liverpool, July 31st, 45 N 8 W, per City of Khios s, at Calcutta.
Tonna (German brigantine), steering north, 6 N 28 W, per Trent s, at Southampton.
Dusty Miller, Carnarvon for Halifax, July 26th, 41 N 42 W;
Canada, Brunswick for Bristol, July 30th, 49 N 20 W—last two per Bernard Hall s, Alexander, at Liverpool.
Livingstone, Pensacola for Troon, August 1st, 51 N 17 W, per Adriatic s, Cameron, at Liverpool.

Livingstone, Pensacola for Troon, August 1st, 51 N 17 W, per Adriatic s, Cameron, at Liverpool.

Thomas S. Stowe, Astoria for Queenstown, August 1st, 47 N 16 W;

SFRM (?), Raza Island for Dieppe, 48 N 13 W;

Albatros, River Plate for Hamburg—last three per Orinoco s, at Plymouth.

Effendi, Swansea for Sandy Point, July 20th, 14 N 26 W;

Rajore, Penarth for Singapore, July 26th, 30 N 19 W;

Queen of Scots, Liverpool for Calcutta, July

Rajore, Penarth for Singapore, July 26th, 30 N 19 W;
Queen of Scots, Liverpool for Calcutta, July 26th, 30 N 19 W;
Charlwood, Liverpool for Iquique, July 31st, 47 N 10 W—last four per Holbein s, Cadogan, at Dublin.

HBKW (French barque), bound north, July 27th, 34 N 17 W;
Helios, Hamburg for Pernambuco, July 29th, 39 N 14 W;
Selkirkshire, London for Brisbane, July 31st, 46 N 9 W—last three per Calabar s, Keene, at Liverpool.

RGKS barque, bound south, July 31st, 47 N 8 W;

Victoria, Valparaiso for Hamburg, July 31st, 50 N 7 W—last two per Vitos, Trinick, at Liverpool.

Mataura, bound west, August 1st, 20 miles ESE of Start Point, per Orissa, in the Thames.

Glamis, Gloucester for Sydney, June 21st, 8 N 21 W, per Khersonese, at Gravesend. Turist, of Grimstadt, July 29th, 51 N 2 E, per

Turist, of Grimstadt, July 29th, 51 N 2 E, per Sophie, in the Thames. Cambrian Monarch, Port Pirie for London, July 17th, 12 N 27 W; Alf, of Mandal, steering SW, July 18th, 15 N 26 W;

Alf, of Mandal, steering SW, July 18th, 15 N 26 W;
QDLN (German ship), steering SW, July 18th, 15 N 26 W;
Adela S. Hills, of Aberystwith, steering SW, July 21st, 22 N 23 W—last four per Worcester s, in the Thames.
Lutterworth, Glasgow for Otago, July 1st, 9 S 34 W, Euximus, Olsen, at Rio Janeiro.
Esmeralda, Iquique for Channel, for orders, April 30th, 55 29 S 63 20 W;
H. S. Johnson, London for Great Fish River, June 14th, 6 16 N 26 30 W;
Anna, Monte Video for Antwerp, July 16th, 37 20 N 40 W;
Paposo, Hamburg for Sydney, August 3rd—last four per Emil Julius, H. Tager, at Falmouth;
Harmonia, Penarth for Singapore, July 22nd,

ramouta, Penarth for Singapore, July 22nd, 14 N 27 W; ombay, Middlesbro' for Yokohama,

Bombay, Middlesbro 101, July 23rd, 16 N 26 W; HLCG, Bordeaux for Magdalena, July 23rd, 16 N 26 W—last three per Sculptor s, Woodard at Liverpool.

16 N 26 W—last three per Sculptor s, Woodcock, at Liverpool.
Glenericht, New York for Calcutta, July 2nd, 28 N 39 W;
Owny Belle, Gaspe for Rio Janeiro, July 8th, 33 N 40 W;
William M. Blaikie, New York for Hong Kong, July 8th, 33 N 40 W—last three per Hawarden Castle, at Queenstown.
John M'Donald, New York for San Francisco, June 3rd, 41 S 66 W;
Belpore, Shields for Valparaiso, July 25th, 11 N 28 W;

Birnam Wood, July 25th, 12 N 27 W-last

Birnam Wood, July 25th, 12 N 27 W-last three per Sorata s, at Plymouth.

Orvar Odd, Sunderland for Buenos Ayres, June 10th, 2 N 27 W;

Chipman, New York for Talcahuano, June 10th, 2 N 27 W;

Eden Holme, Shields for Pisagua, June 12th, 6 N 26 W;

Don Juan, Shields for Iquique, June 14tn, 8 N 26 W;

Rangitiki, London for Melbourne, June 15th, 8 N 26 W;

De Capo, New York for Algoa Bay, June 27th, 26 N 36 W;

Alaska, New York for Monte Video, June 27th, 27 N 35 W;

Loch Rannoch, Clyde for Melbourne, July 30th, 55 N 12 W-last eight per Sardhana, at Londonderry.

30th, 55 N 12 W—last eight per Sardhana, at Londonderry.

Tulchan (?), of Dundee, steering SW, August 2nd, 48 N 7 W, per Elfrida, at Swansea.

Dea (Norweigan barque), from Hayti, July 21st, off Fortune Island;

HGND (Danish barque), bound north, July 25th, lat 39, lon 74—last two per Alene s, at New York.

Sostrene, Liverpool for D. II.

New York.
Sostrene, Liverpool for Dalhousie, July 18th, lat 50, lon 31, per Nevada s, at New York.
MGWT (British barque), July 24th, lat 34, lon 75, per City of Alexandria s, at New York

York. James S. Stone, New York for Anjer, June 17th, 24 S 33 W, per Laura, at New York. Eurydice, St. John (NB) for Dublin, July 23rd,

Eurydice, St. John (NB) for Dublin, July 23rd, lat 43, lon 49, per Gallias, at New York. Constance, Liverpool for New York, July 21st, lat 43, lon 43; Carniola, St John (NB) for Londonderry, July 23rd, lat 41, lon 55—last two jer Rhynland s, at New York.
Insulinde, for Macassar, June 30th, 6 S 30 W; Freya (German barque), bound south, August 4th, 200 miles SW of Scilly—last two per Disponent, at Falmouth.
Castlehead ship, steering S, June 24th, 11 N 25 W;

Castlehead ship, steering S, June 24th, 11 N 25 W;
KGKV (English), June 24th, 11 N 25 W—last two per De Bay s, at Santos.
KDGQ, London for Melbourne, July 7th, 10 N 29 W, per Star of Hope, at Falmouth.
Challenger, Swansea for Acapulco, August 2nd, 50 N 8 W, per Edam s, at Amsterdam.
Serapis, ship, steering south, June 14, 21 S 27 W;

W; Fred E. Richards barquentine, steering south, July 4th, 17 N 34 W—last two per Cape Clear, Norman, at Liverpool. Pjata, of Bristol, May 9th, 28 S 94 W. HCLR (British ship), June 13th, 30 S 26 W. Active (Norwegian barque), June 18th, 26 S 30 W.

W. Lurlei, of Liverpool, June 20th, 23 S 28 W. Roderick Dhu, of Liverpool, June 23rd, 18 S

RDPT (German barque), for Iquique, June 30th, 5 S 32 W.

JRMP, June 31st, 48 N 11 W, with spanker and gafftopsail fast (lo st?).

John R. Kelly, Manilla for San Francisco, May 31st, 18 N 123 E;

Polare, Pensacola for Monte Video, July 19th, 70 miles SE of Port Eads;

Anna, Hamburg for New York, July 22nd, lat 40, lon 69;

Fratelli Bianchi, Philadelphia for Lisbon, July 23rd, 50 miles SE of Cape May;

Giovanni (Italian barque), for New York, July 24th, off Fenwick's Island—last five

Giovanni (Italian barque), for New York, July 24th, off Fenwick's Island—last five reported from New York.

Malta, St. Etienne for Grimsby, July 20th, 47 N 40 W, per Elbe s, at New York. Salama, Pensacola for Tralee, July 21st, 41 N 60 W, per Chateau Margaux s, at New York. York.

Golden Rule, Pascagoula for Havre, July 23rd, 33 N 77 W, per S. Oteri s, at New York.
Piako, London for Auckland, June 8th, 3 S
27 W;

Piako, London for Auckland, Callo 27 W;
Belle of Oregon, of Portland (Or), bound south,
July 5th, 32 N 38 W;
Cornucopla brig, bound south, July 13th, 33
N 40 W;
Gem, Aruba for Harwich, July 24th, 46 N
25 W;
Zenobia, of Aberystwith, July 28th, 48 N 17
W—last five per British India, at Falmouth.
H C Berg (Danish barque), July 19th, lat 29,

W.—Iast live per British India, at raimouth.
H. C. Berg (Danish barque), July 19th, lat 29, lon 80, per Gallego s, at New York.
H. G. Johnson, London for Hong Kong, June 16th, 6 N 27 W, per Spirit of the Morning, at Falmouth.

Mary Frost, of Grimsby, steering SW, July 27th, 30 N 19 W;

Callao, London for Newcastle (NSW), August 3rd, 49 N 7 W;

Canao, London for Newcastle (NSW), August 3rd, 49 N 7 W;
Torridon, of Aberdeen, August 3rd, 49 N 7 W—last three per Vascongada s, at Falmouth, Buffalo (Wilson line steamer), steering west, July 28th, 50 N 15 W;
J. T. North, of Liverpool, steering west, July 29th, 50 N 8 W—last two per Main s, in the Wester

Weser.
Ville de Marseille (French barque), steering
SW, June 28th, 32 N 14 W;
Paradox (Hamburg barque), July 4th, 6 N

28 W;
Achievement, of Liverpool, steering SW, July 5th, 1 N 29 W—last three per Campinas s, Barrelet, at Bahia.
PLQS (!) (English barque), for Buenos Ayres, July 10th, near Abrolhos;
Millwall, of Liverpool, steering south, July 10th, near Abrolhos;
Imperator, Tynemouth for Iquique, July 18th, 7 N 27 W.
MQLS (?) Swedish schools of Liverpool, Liverpool

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7 N 27 W.

MQLS (?) Swedish schooner), Liverpool for Buencs Ayres, July 18th, 9 N 26 W;

Horizon, of Marseilles, steering south, July 19th, 11 N 26 W;

Willie Rosenfeld, of Bath (US), steering south, July 19th, 12 N 26 W;

Ortelius, of Stavanger, steering south, July 22nd, 23 N 22 W;

Glenalvon, of Liverpool, for Sydney, July 26th, 36 N 15 W;

Mathilde, of Rostock, steering south, July 27th

36 N 15 W;
Mathilde, of Rostock, steering south, July 27th, 39 N 13 W;
Doris barque, of Dundee, steering south, July 29th, 46 N 8 W;
Paranagua (Hamburg steemer), steering S W, July 30th, 49 N 4 W;
Lissabon s, of Hamburg, steering WSW, July 30th, 50 N 2 W—last 12 per Petropolis s, Behrmann, at Hamburg.
Cicero, Capefor Swansea, July 11th, 35 N 36 W;

JORD (English barque), bound west, August 1st, off Scilly—last two per Prinz Albert, at Falmouth.

Falmouth.

Leyland Brothers, Liverpool for Calcutta, June 15th, 8 N 25 W;

QDGF (German ship), bound west, July 30th, 49 N 12 W—last two per Lotos, at Falmouth.

Deodata, of Txedestrand, steering north, July 25th, 35 N 48 W;

James A. Mark, of Cardiff, steering ENE, July 31st, 48 N 16 W—last two per Avon's, at Havre.

Silhet barque, July 22nd, 5 S 33 W;

HNSM (German barque), July 25th, 8 N 26 W;

V; abet barque, July 26th, 13 N 25 W Haabet barque, July 26th, 13 N 25 W; LFSH schooner, July 26th, 13 N 25 W—last four per Arawa s, at Plymouth.

SMUGGLING. — At the Liverpool Police-court, James Veale, a deck winchman, employed on board one of the White Star Line boats, has been charged with having concealed 55lb. of manufactured Cavendish tobacco with intent to defraud the Customs.—Ordered to pay £17 7s. 6d., the single value of the tobacco, and costs, or in default one month's imprisonment.

YACHTING AT COWES.—The opening match in connection with the Royal Yacht Squadron took place in the Solent last Tuesday. The prize was her Majesty's Cup, but none but Squadron yachts were permitted to compete. There were seven entries, and all started. They were the Sleuthhound, cutter, 53 tons, Lord Francis Cecil; the Egeria, schooner, 71, Mr. J. Mulholland; the Petronilla, cutter, 56, the Earl of Dunraven; the Moina, cutter, 85, Captain Bainbridge, R.N.; the Daphne, yawl, 49, the Hon. H. Denison; the Cetonia, schooner, 97, Sir E. Guinness; and the Amphitrite, schooner, 65, Colonel Macgregor. The Petronilla had the advantage of the start, sailing side by side with the Egeria, and on her weather beam a second group at starting comprised the Sleuthhound, Moina, Cetonia, and Amphitrite. The Petronilla maintained herlead throughout the race, but had not the good fortune to save her time off the Moina, to whom she had to allow 14min. 11sec., and she was compelled to surrender the blue ribbon prize of the yachting world to the second vessel. Several of the other yachts changed places during the sail round the course, the vessels being timed thus at the finish: Petronilla, 3h. 49m. 53s.; Moina, 4h. 2m.; Cetonia, 4h. 5m. 25s.; Sleuthhound, 4h. 12m. 58s.; Egeria, 4h. 10m. 5s.; Daphne, 4h. 21m. 55s.; Amphitrite, 4h. 32m. 30s. The match on Wednesday was for the Squadron prizes of £125. prize was her Majesty's Cup, but none but was for the Squadron prizes of £125.

1888.

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NOTICES.

SEAFARING, published every Saturday, price one penny, will be sent to any part of the United Kingdom, post free, at the following rates of subscription :-

 Twelve Months
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Seafaring.

THE ORGAN OF THE SEAFARING CLASS.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 11th, 1888.

Some unknown friend of SEAFARING has been kind enough to send us a couple of pamphlets relating to the National Amalgamated Sailors' and Firemen's Union of Great Britain and Ireland, which organisation was, it seems, instituted at Sunderland on September 1st, 1887, and has been registered under the Trades Union Acts of 1871 and 1876. The head office of the Union is at 174, High-street East, Sunderland, and its chief objects are thus stated :-

"(1) To improve the condition and protect the interests of all classes of seafaring men. (2) To establish homes for seamen in all places where the Executive Committee deem it expedient. (3) To make advances of money to seafaring men at low interest on security of their wages and allotment notes. (4) To endeavour to obtain reasonable hours of duty, and to maintain fair rates of wages. (5) To assist members whose interests have been damaged by reason of prominent services rendered to the society. (6) To afford legal assistance, either as plaintiff or defendant, to any member of the society in respect of matters arising out of, or incidental to, his employment as a sailor or sea-going fireman, cook or steward, including claims for wages, damages for breach of contract for wages, compensation for injuries, claims for salvage, alleged liability for negligence or misconduct involving loss or forfeiture of wages or involving penalties, and all claims and liabilities, whether under the Merchant Shipping or any other Act or Acts of Parliament, or otherwise, of what nature soever, so arising or incidental as aforesaid, subject, nevertheless, to the rules of the society; and to provide for the

maintenance of members detained on shore till their cases are tried. (7) To use every effort to provide for the safety of ships work in order to prevent loss of life at sea. (8) To provide a better class of men for the merchant service, and to see that all members that are engaged through the union shall be on board at the appointed time and in a sober condition ready for work. (9) To provide assistance to shipwrecked mariners. (10) To provide assistance to members who are travelling in search of work. (11) To put seafaring men, intending to become members but for the time being unable to pay, on the same footing as paying members, except with regard to financial benefits, by granting them Privilege Cards. (12) And to provide funds for the relief of members in sickness or temporary disablement, and for their respectable interment."

These are very excellent objectsso excellent indeed that shipowners can hardly find fault with them, and we shall be glad to see them attained. In one of the pamphlets issued by this Union we are told that "it is estimated that about £200,000 per annum is expended by seafaring men as interest on the cashing of allotment, notes, &c., which is treble the income of the largest Trades Union in England." Whether this statement be strictly correct or no, it is certain that Shylocks and land sharks extract in the shape of interest from seafaring men a very large sum every year, which sum would more than suffice to pay the expenses of a powerful seamen's union. That being the case, there is a sound financial basis to work upon. The British shellback may be reluctant to part with his hard-earned cash in the form of a subscription to a society for his benefit, but he is very glad to ge where he has to pay the lowest interest for cash. It is, therefore, rather surprising that it should never have occurred to some shrewd and enterprising financier, as a mere pecuniary speculation, to make a regular business, with a branch in every port, of cashing advance and allotment notes at moderate but paying rates. There are, of course, honest and reasonable people who accommodate the seamen in this way on fair terms. But there are, again, others who take advantage of his necessity to make him pay dearly, and there can be no doubt that far too large a proportion of his hard-earned money goes in that way. If instead of going in that way it can be made to go into the coffers of a powerful union with such objects as those we have mentioned, seafaring men will be better off in the future than in the past.

CONSOLATION.

The God of Love, ah Benedicite, How mighty and how gret a Lord is He! -CHAUCER.

No God is left us to adore, Or sin to lay the lash on; Agnostics flourish more and more, And worship's out of fashion. This is the sort of thing you hear Your neighbours often saying; And some of them are glad, I fear,

To shirk the task of praying. But poor and rich, and great and small,

And clever folks and stupid, Agnostics, too, indeed, and all, Still own the sway of Cupid. And so whatever people say— The stupid folks or clever— There yet is left a God to-day Omnipotent as ever.

NAUTICAL NEWS.

It is settled that Ascension Island is to be abandoned as a naval depot.

Vessels arriving from Madras are no longer liable to quarantine at Suez.

It is stated that one of the finest piers ever constructed will be that at Dover.

The Tyne shipwrights have agreed to accept the employers' offer of 1s. 6d. advance.

Mr. James Laing, Sunderland, has just converted a steamer for carrying petroleum in bulk.

THE Spanish Government is about to spend million sterling in improving the port of

Bilbao.

THERE are complaints made as to the inability of vessels drawing only 20½ f. of water entering Tyne Dock.

LORD BRASSEY has been visiting Bantry Bay and Queenstown whence he sailed for the Clyde in his yacht the Sunbeam.

A RUSSIAN cruiser has been ordered to Behring Straits to prevent English and American vessels from fishing in Russian waters.

THE Dundee whaler, Polar Star, has arrived at Shetland from the seal fishing, having on board a catch of seals expected to yield about 80 tons of oil.

at Shetland from the seal fishing, having on board a catch of seals expected to yield about 80 tons of oil.

The principal recommendation in the report of the committee on pilotage will be that the pilots should have direct representation on the Pilotage Boards.

The owner of the Baltimore City, of West Hartlepool, has received a cable announcing the death by apoplexy of the chief officer, Mr. G. H. Carr, whilst on the voyage from Philadelphia to Cuba.

A NUMBER of the Quebec fleet of timber vessels at Greenock have been taken up for the fall voyage at an advance from 1s. to 2s. on the spring rate. There has also lately been a slight rise from 6s. to 6s. 3d. on the St. Lawrence outward freights.

The Board of Trade has awarded a binocular glass to Captain Z. Ameline, master of the French schooner Jacques Mathieu, of Cherbourg, in acknowledgment of his humanity and kindness to the shipwrecked crew of the British schooner Vine, which was wrecked off St. Ives on July 2nd last.

DURING a very rough voyage from Mauritius a young Norwegian sailor (M. Knudsen), boatswain of the barque Airlie, which has arrived at Adelaide, was lost overboard. The deceased was highly respected on board.

The Victorian Government has decided to call for tenders for a lighthouse at Cape Everard for a first order dioptric light 185 feet above the sea level. The lamp will show a belt of red light invisible beyond the range of a mile.

The new barque Endora, of Dundee, which

a mile.

The new barque Endora, of Dundee, which has been chartered to convey a cargo of timber from Montrose to Melbourne, engaged a crew at Dundee at the rate of £2 15s. per month, being 5s. above the rate which has prevailed at Dundee for some time.

DURING the past week the fisheries in West Cornwall remained quiet, the pilehard fleet generally having only light catches. Several of the Mount's Bay fleet landed very fair catches of mackerel, which fetched from 16s. 6d. per six score downwards. There was a moderate supply of hook fish, but shell fish were scarce.

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SEAFARING DISASTERS.

Bayswater (a), grounded 16 miles east of Odessa. She had to lighten before she could get off. A tug and barge were sent to her assistance, and she got off safe into Odessa.—Myrtle, French barque, reported by telegraph August 1st to have put into Lisbon leaky, from Huelva.—From Southend it has been reported that Nordyilland, steamer, of Copenhagen, went ashore on Leigh Middle, but came of with assistance of Leigh fishermen; no agreement.—Lloyd'sagentatCalcuttareports: British Isles, ship, previously reported ashore at Saugor, got off by the aid of a steamer, and returned; sustained no apparent damage.—Emiline Jenkin, from Rio Grande for orders, arrived at Fowey with sails split and with bulwarks damaged.—The W. M. J., schooner, of Swansea, ran ashore at the Cld Dock, Northfleet, but got off with tide at six p.m., and was to proceed to Port Albert.—Lloyd's agent at Cadiz reports: George Gilroy, British barque, from Greenock for Demerara, with coals, put into Cadiz leaking badly.—Lloyd's agent at Cadiz reports: Fortuguese schooner Maria I., of Cammha, from Gibraltar, for Cadiz and Lisbon with a general cargo, touched a reef in entering port, and leaks very seriously.—From Cardiff it is reported that Mercia, steamer, from Gunn's Dry Dock, in docking at East Dock, ran into the pier head, damaging the plates on starboard bow.—A telegram from Port Louis leaky, and will have to discharge; waiting for instructions before deciding to repair.—There was lately a rumour, based on a telerram from Marseilles, that the steamer Orpington, a vessel of 2,308 tons, belonging to London, and bound from Pondicherry to Marseilles, had been lost. She left Malta on July 26th. Inquiries were made for the purpose of ascertaining what foundation there is for the report.—British barque Mercia, Valparaiso for Hamburg, arrived at Plymouth with loss of bowsprit and particular and the proposed of the proposed of accertaining what foundation there is for the report.—British barque Mercia, Subardia of Batomn, in ballast, which put into Doverdamag

of water.—Rovigo (s), from Middlesbrough, struck on a rock August 3rd at Pomaron, and became leaky, but got off on the following tide with assistance, and was discharging her cargo for survey.—The Opal (s), from Riga, cargo flax and peas, for Dundee and Leith, arrived at Dundee last Monday. A fire was discovered in the lower hold.

Saturday night the lugger Securit of

Saturday night the lugger Seagull, of Lowestoft, went down off Scarborough, and her crew, nine in number, were drowned. The captain of a smack which has arrived in port, captain or a smack which has arrived in pote, states that while three miles off the port he was running alongside the lugger in a terrific gale. There were only 20 or 30 yards between the vessels, and he noticed what heavy weather the lugger was making. He turned to remark the fact to one of the crew, and upon looking round again found that the Scagull was missing. round again found that the Seagul was missing. There were four men swimming on the spot where she had gone down, and he instantly ran his vessel round, dropping the mainsail. She had sufficient way upon her almost to reach the poor fellows who were struggling in the water, and a line was thrown to the nearest, but it dropped short by a foot, and before another could be thrown the smack had drifted to east-way. Another run was made but again the could be thrown the smack had united beastward. Another run was made, but again the men failed to reach the ropes thrown to them. The skipper shouted to them to keep up their hearts and he would try again, but before the smack got round they had all sunk. The lugger left port on Friday, and intended returning to Scarboroughin time for Saturday's market. At the time of the accident there lugger left port on Friday, and intended returning to Scarboroughin time for Saturday's market. At the time of the accident there was a strong gale of wind blowing from the N.N.W., and a tremendous sea running, and had the skipper of the smack attempted to lower a boat he would probably have lost some of his own crew.—The Norwegian barque, Ottawa, of Brevig, Captain E. Jorgensen, has, landed at Cardiff two men, named Carl Hansen and Joseph Briand, belonging to the French fishing vessel, Evangeline, of St. Pierre, Newfoundland. The men were in a boat getting in their lines on the Great Bank, when they lost their vessel in a thick fog. While pulling back they broke one of their oars, and a gale coming on they drifted before it for 32 hours. They had neither food nor water with them. The Ottawa picked them up on the 21st ult., on the east of the Great Newfoundland Bank in a terribly exhausted state, and as Captain Jorgensen did not find any fishing vessels at hand, he brought them on to Cardiff. The French Consul and the local agent of the Shipwrecked Mariners' Society were to forward the men on to St. Pierre.

A telegram from Liverpool. Angust 7th. to St. Pierre.

A telegram from Liverpool, August 7th, reports that William Henry, of Lancaster, from Fecamp, at Runcorn on the 6th inst. was in collision with the Ada (s), of Liverpool, and had port bow cut down below the water line; deck and ceiling started and other damage.—
A report from Lloyd's agent at Mauritius, dated July 28th, telegraphed from Aden, August 7th, states: Dorothea, Dutch barque, has put into Mauritius leaky and with foremast sprung.—Cambria, British barque, has put into Mauritius leaky.—Sea Queen, United States barque, has put into Mahe leaking badly.—Lloyd's agent at Soderhamn telegraphs August 7th: Dagmar, Russian barque, from Hernosand for Cadiz, went ashore, but afterwards got off badly damaged; vessel full of water; deckload jettisoned.—With reference to the Opal (s), previously reported on fire, a Hernosand for Cadiz, went ashore, but afterwards got off badly damaged; vessel full of water; deckload jettisoned.—With reference to the Opal (8), previously reported on fire, a later telegram from Dundee states that the fire was extinguished and cargo discharged. About 20 tons flax and hemp damaged by fire and water; slight damage to vessel's 'tween decks. After re-shipping sound portion of Leith cargo the steamer proceeded, leaving damaged cargo at Dundee.—A telegram from Stockholm, dated August 7th, reports: Auckland Castle (8), stranded Stora Nassau, Sandhamn, forepeak full of water. Belos, salvage boat, despatched to her assistance.—Clan Drummond (8), from Glasgow for Bombay, put into Belfast Lough Monday night with machinery slightly disabled, but proceeded on Tuesday morning for Liverpool.—Sonneck, German steamer, arrived in Gefle Roads with forehold full of water and vessel in a sinking condition.—The Poscidon, salvage steamer, despatched to her assistance.—Newbrough, British steamer, from Cronstadt to Granton with deals, after grounding at Gothland, was towed by the Ruby (8), of Dundee, and brought to Ustad. She was waterlogged, and in a sinking condition, and assistance was asked for from Copenhagen.

Cablegram from Boston states: United States steamer Gate City, before reported ashore, got off after discharging part

cargo. Has sustained no apparent nage.—Telegram from Cowes, August states that the yawl yacht Daphne, le in tow, fouled steam yacht ron, and lost mizenmast and sustained damage 7th, states that the yawl yacht Daphae, while in tow, fouled steam yacht Oberon, and lost mizenmast and sustained other damage, also carrying away latter yacht's bowsprit.—Telegram from Ramsgate, August 7th, states that the yacht Fairlie (of Liverpool), from Boulogne, arrived at Ramsgate on Tuesday afternoon in tow of yacht Shamrock, having carried away masts, bowsprit, sails, &c., whilst off Cape Grisnez on Saturday.—Telegram from Monte Video, August 7th, states that the British barque Countess of Devon took fire in port, but the fire was extinguished; vessel and cargo slightly injured.—Emma (s), Borgoe for Huelva, has arrived at Plymouth with machinery damaged.

The J. Benham, of Lillesand, which sailed

arrived at Plymouth with machinery damaged. The J. Benham, of Lillesand, which sailed from Pensacola for Buenos Ayres, with pitch pine and lumber, on November 7th last, was posted at Lloyd's, August 8th, as missing.—City of Hamburg, (8), of Dublin, from Oportofor Southampton, Deptford, and London, with 130 head of cattle and sundries, ran ashore in a fog west of Bolt Head at 5.30 p.m., on Tuesday, Captain, stewardess, and four men landed at Salcombe in ship's boat at nine p.m. Captain was badly injured in firing the second signal gun. Left arm amountated at elbow Captain was badly injured in firing the second signal gun. Left arm amputated at elbow, Information of the casualty having been received at the Salcombe station of the Royal National Lifeboat Institution, the Lesty lifeboat was promptly launched at 10.30 and returned at three a.m., bringing ashore nine of the steamer's crew who were found at sea in their own boat. The lifeboat again went out in search of another boat belonging to the vessel, containing 10 men, but was unable to find any trace of her. Calm, foggy, sea smooth. Vessel reported not to appear much damaged. Later telegrams state that she was floated and was being towed to Plymouth and that the missing boat containing chief engineer and seven seamen arrived at Salcombe.—Lloyd's agent at Walparaiso cables: Severe storms on the coast. Great destruction of property. Cambrian and Etoile du Sad have combe.—Lloyd's agent at a Valparaiso cables: Severe storms on the coast. Great destruction of property. Cambrian and Etoile du Sad have been in collision. Both vessels sank. Part of crew saved. Success, United States ship, coal laden, has been totally wrecked. Crew saved. Glentilt has been in collision with a coaster. Damage serious.—Lloyd's agent at Buenos Ayres telegraphs' August 7th: Zarate, British steamer, is afloat. Will be towed to Boca. Must discharge cargo to get at the damage. Several plates bent or broken.—Charles W. Anderson, s, is reported by telegraph to have arrived at Sulina with rudder broken. She was towed in by tugs and must discharge for repairs.—Lloyd's agent at San Francisco cables: Crown of England lying alongside the pier has been incollision with a coster. Damageslight.—Lloyd's agent at Stockholm telegraphs, August Sth: Auckland Castle, British steamer, Rowland master, has grounded at Sandhamn. A steamer has gone to her assistance.—Lloyd's agent at Cepenhagen telegraphs, August Sth: Hialmar, Norwegian barque, from Kolka for Cherbourg, with wood, has grounded in the Drogden; agreement made with Kastrup for assistance. Cepenhagen telegraphs, August 8th: Hialmar, Norwegian barque, from Kolka for Cherbourg, with wood, has grounded in the Drogden; agreement made with Kastrup for assistance.—Triton (s), of West Hartlepool, from the Baltic for Havre, reported to have grounded on the Goodwin Sands early on Wednesday morning during the fog, but came off without assistance on the flow of the water, and is supposed to have proceeded to her destination.—Storm Queen (s), of Newcastle, is reported from Dover to have been ashore near the East Cliff; now anchored in Dover Roads, with warp foul of propeller.—A telegram from Oporto, August8th, timed one p.m., reports: Wylam, British steamer, under sail, supposed with engines disabled, broken down, requested to be taken in tow.—Wylam(s), from Newcastle, has been towed into Oporto with main shaft broken.—Redewater, steamer, of Newcastle, from Gioja for Neufahrwasser via Tyne, laden with sulphur and oil, stranded two miles west of Dover, lying perfectly upright and apparently uninjured; likely to come off same night.—Telegram from Copenhagen, August 8th, states that the Norwegian harnus Hialmar apparently uninjured; likely to come off same night.—Telegram from Copenhagen, August 8th, states that the Norwegian barque Hialmar (before reported grounded) has been assisted off; has been examined by divers and found to have sustained no damage; will proceed.—Telegram from Wick, August 8th, states that the Norwegian vessel Minerva with 360 tons salt, sunk Pentland Firth that day. Crew saved.

AT the Hague it is stated that a British protectorate is to be extended over North Borneo, Sarawak, and Brunai, and that the treaty of 1824 is held in England not to apply to Borneo.

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SAVING LIFE AT SEA.

The Merchant Shipping (Life Saving Appliances) Bill has again been considered by the Grand Committee on Trade. Mr. A. O'Connor took the chair, and nearly 30 mem-

bers attended. On the first clause, which provides that every British ship must be provided with such boats, life-jackets, and other appliances as may be best adapted for securing the safety of her crew and passengers, Mr. Craig-Sellar moved that regard should be had to the avoidmay be best adapted for securing the safety of her crew and passengers, Mr. Craig-Sellar moved that regard should be had to the avoidance of undue encumbrance on deck. The amendment was unanimously agreed to.—Mr. Craig-Sellar then proposed that the consulative committee to be appointed under Clause 2 should be empowered, not only to advise the President of the Board of Trade respecting rules to carry out the object of the Bill, but also to frame rules themselves.—Sir M. Hicks-Beach suggested the substitution of the word "preparing" for "framing," and this alteration was unanimously adopted and inserted in the clause.—The following words, already provisionally placed in the Bill, were unanimously confirmed: "There shall be paid to members of the committee out of the Mercantile Marine Fund such travelling and other allowances as the Board of Trade may from time to time fix."—Mr. T. Sutherland proposed that any rules framed under the Bill should need the approval of the House of Commons, instead of being simply required, as provided by the third clause, to be for 40 days before both Houses. Arguing that the subject of life-saving appliances was too difficult to be disposed of by the President of the Board of Trade with the assistance of a committee, he pointed out that pleasure ships like those on the Clyde and running from Liverpool to the Isle of Man, emigrant ships and Channel steamers could not possibly carry sufficient appliances for the immense number of passengers whom they might have on board at once.—Sir M. Hicks-Beach opposed the amendment, remarking that if the Bill diminished the number of passengers that vessels sometimes carried, it would be a great public benefit. (Hear.)—Mr. Chamberlain, on behalf of the hardest-worked body in the kingdom, namely the House of Commons, strongly objected to the amendment.—Mr. H. Vincent, Mr. Gourley, Mr. Whitley, Mr. J. Bolton, Sir J. Corry, Mr. Whitley, Mr. J. Bolton, Sir J. Corry, Mr. W. Sinclair, Mr. Baring, and Mr. Tomlinson having spoken, the amendment was rejec

Work Stopped at Hell Gate.—The operations for the removal of the Flood Rock obstructions from the East River Channel at Hell Gate, New York, have been suspended for lack of funds, the appropriation having been exhausted. During the year ending with the cessation of the work the new channel has been widened by about 60ft., with a cut about 26ft deep, and something over an acre of the eastern end of the shattered reef has been removed to the same depth. Work will not be resumed until the Appropriation Bill now pending before Congress shall have been passed, and the amount available for this purpose shall have been determined by the Secretary of War. A great deal of work yet remains to be done. Flood Rock, the Gridiron, and the Hen and Chickens, in shattered masses, still obstruct the channel. It is stated that, although the rock was all thoroughly loosened by the great explosion nearly three years ago, the fragments have settled and packed in such a manner that surface blasting needs occasionally to be resorted to to loosen the rocks so that the grappling hooks of the dredge can readily take hold of it.—Iron.

OUTWARD BOUND.

The following Ships will Sail:

FROM LONDON.

To. Ship. Captain. Size. Dock.
Algoa Bay—Annie Main, Black, B, 499, SWID
Anckland—Waitangi, Leeman, B, 1123, SWID
Bermuda—Lizzie R, Wilce, Beale, B. 155, WID
Bermuda—Lizzie R, Wilce, Beale, B. 155, WID
Bermuda—Sir G. F. Seymour, Hollis, B 267, WID
Bombay, &c.—Ganges (s), Stewart, B, 2148, RAD
Bombay, &c.—Govino (s), Brotherton, B, 1454, SWID
Bombay, &c.—Gangra (s), Ingram B, 1469, RAD
Boston—British Queen (s), Wills, B, 2277, VD
Brahestad—Regina, Frederiksen, Dk, 139, VD
Brisbane—Jumna (s), Burkitt, B, 3377, RAD
Brisbane—Jumna (s), Burkitt, B, 3377, RAD
Brisbane—Jumna (s), Burkitt, B, 3377, RAD
Brisbane—Jumna (s), Burkitt, B, 351, MD
Cadiz, &c.—London (s), Howes, B, 998, LD
Cadiz, &c.—Soils (s), Mercadel, S, 531, MD
Calcutta, &c.—Bann, Cutting, B, 1667, EID
Calcutta, &c.—Chusan (s), Nantes, B, 2656, RAD
Calcutta, &c.—Chusan (s), Nantes, B, 2656, RAD
Calcutta, &c.—Navarino (s), Bergemann, B, 2189, RAD
Canterbury—Wellington, Cowan, B, 1247, EID
Cape Town, &c.—Taymouth Castle (s), Winchester
B, 1172, EID
Cape Town, &c.—Norham Castle (s), Robinson
B, 2722, EID
Christiania—Albano (s), Dowse, B, 601, MD

Cape Town, &c.—Norham Castle (s), Robinson B, 2722, EID Christiania—Albano (s), Dowse, B, 691, MD Dantzic—Brunette (s), Trapp, G, 518, Union Tr Dantzic—Professor Cantzler, Bussart, G, 253, Sheerness Demerara, &c.—Cipero (s), Dorward, B, 998, LD Fiume, &c.—Winestead (s), Nanscowen, B, 1362, MD Gothenburg—Bele (s), Ericsson, Sw, 850, MD Halifax—Mackay-Bennett (s), Le Faru, B, 1013, VD Helsingborg—Comely, Kock, D, 97, Gibb's Wf Helsingbors—Salamandern, Mattsson, Sw, 213 North-fleet

Gothenburg—Bele (s), Ericsson, Sw, 850, MD
Halifax—Mackay-Bennett (s), Le Faru, B, 1013, VD
Helsingfors—Comely, Kock, D, 97, Gibb's Wf
Helsingfors—Salamandern, Mattsson, Sw, 213 North-fiect
Konigsberg, &c—Christian IX (s), Mollerup, D, 787, MD
La Guayra—Indiana, Penwill, B, 289, WID
Launceston—Westbury, Poole, B, 493, WID
Marseilles, &c.—Guadalquivir (s), Sicard, F, 1723, RAD
Melbourne—Carlisle Castle, Low, B, 1457, EID
Melbourne—Eurasia, Parkes, B, 1825, SWID
Melbourne—Flying Venus, Kerr B, 1660, SWID
Melbourne—Ivanhoe, George, B, 1383, SWID
Melbourne—Tviarmid, Scotti, It, 1560, SWID
Melbourne—Orissa, Qualie, B, 1119, SWID
Melbourne—Sobrano, Elmslie, B, 2131, SWID
Melbourne—Sobrano, Elmslie, B, 2131, SWID
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Nelbourne—Sobrano, Elmslie, B, 2131, SWID
Nelbourne—Sobrano, Elmslie, B, 2131, SWID
Nelson, &c.—Asterion, Collingwood, B, 509, EID
New York—Frin (s), Tyson, B, 2843, RAD
New York—Holland (s), Foote, B, 2419, RAD
New York—Holland (s), Foote, B, 2419, RAD
New York—Holland (s), Foote, B, 2119, SWID
New York—N B Morris, Smith, B, 699, Northfleet
New York—Persian Monarch (s), Irvin, B, 2569, MD
Odessa, &c.—Engadine (s), Morris, B, 883, VD
Odtago—Canterbury, M Millan, B, 1245, EID
Palermo, &c.—Miranda (s), Keys, B, 736, LD
Palermo, &c.—Miranda (s), Keys, B, 736, LD
Palermo, &c.—Gren (s), Coles, B, 609, SWID
Para—Sophie & Nicoline, Michelsen, N, 243, WID
Port Natal—Brodrene, Baumann, D, 215, LD
Port Natal—Brodrene, Baumann, D, 215, LD
Port Natal—Brodrene, Baumann, D, 215, LD
Port Natal—Brodrene, Banda, R, 1899, RD
Philadelphia—Mortaha Cobb, Crosby, B, 1899, RD

Yokohama—Glamorganshire (s), Potter, B, 1397, SWID Yokohama—Glamorganshire (s), Davies, B, 1843, RAD FROM LIVERPOOL.

Adelaide—Castle Holme, 996, Bryce, WpgD Africa (WC)—Cameroon (s), 1126, Keeene, CobD Africa (WC)—Cameroon (s), 1126, Keeene, CobD Alexandria—Supplicich (s), 892, Neate, GtnD Alexandria—Liqurian (s), 1017, Ellis, HKnD Alexandria, &c—Palm (s), 1393, Worthington, WelD Astoria, &c—Archer, 764, Dawson, WD Bahia—Holley (s), 1210, Holt, HknD Bahia—Holley (s), 1210, Holt, HknD Bahia Blanca—W W Lloyd, 243, Griffiths, AD Barbadoes, &c—Bernard Hall (s), 1739, Alexander, SdnD Barbadoes, &c—West Indian (s), 1277), Bertie, SdnD Barbadoes, &c—West Indian (s), 1277), Bertie, SdnD Bay Verte—Elida, 664, Naess, GtnD Bay Verte—Elida, 664, Naess, GtnD Bay Verte—Elida, 664, Naess, GtnD Bombay—Clan Sinclair (s), 1911, Kewley, MphD Bombay—Clan Sinclair (s), 1911, Kewley, MphD Bombay—Paten Hall (s), 2353, Millard, BkdD Bombay—Merton Hall (s), 2364, Hughes, MphD Boston—Harbon (s), 3498, M'Ray, AlxD Brass, &c—Kisanga (s), 928, Thompson, QD Brisbane—Sabrina, 767, Dyer, SD Buenos Ayres—Elena, 790, Gerber, StD Buenos Ayres—Elena, 790, Gerber, StD Buenos Ayres—Bercator, 293, White, GtnD Calcutta—Electrician (s), 1916 Reynolds ,MphD

To Ship. Size. Captain. Dock.
Calcutta—Clenmorag, 1576, Curric, AixD
Calcutta—Parthenope, 1563, Heal, Bkd D
Calcutta—Parthenope, 1563, Heal, Bkd D
Calcutta—Clan Drummond (s), 1911, WsyD
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Calcutta—Clan Drummond (s), 1911, WsyD
Calido—Phonoiza, 764, Brane, BkdD
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Constantinople, &c—Cedera (s), 1215, Fenvick, HknD
Constantinople, &c—Cherics (s), 1215, Fenvick, HknD
Constantinople, &c—Cherics (s), 1245, Fenvick, HknD
Constantinople, &c—Enders, (s), 1216, Fenvick, HknD
Constantinople, &c—Brane, (s), 1216, Fenvick, HknD
Constantinople, &c—Parthenoise, 1216, Fenvick, 1216,

FROM GLASGOW. FROM GLASGOW.

Adelaide—Amoy, 994, Crouch.
Alexandria—Klyde (s), 1022, Care
Bilbao—Edward Williams (s), 470, Limond
Bombay—Clan Macdonald (s), 1713, Roll
Bombay, &c—Arabia (s), 2315, Laird
Bombay, &c—Arabia (s), 2320, —
Bombay, &c—City of Canterbury (s), 2100 Gray
Bombay, &c—City of Canterbury (s), 2100 Gray
Bombay, &c—City of Canterbury (s), 1873, Miller
Bostom—Hibernian (s), 1873, Brown
Brisbane—Durisdeer, 989, Sinclair To Ship. Size.

Brisbane—Linlithgowshire, 1357, Stott
Calcutta—City of Cambridge (s), 2473, Marr
Calcutta—Clan Buchanan (s), 1913, Muller
Calcutta—Hesperia (s), 1982, Lindquister
Calcutta—Roumania (s), 2207, Hillcoat
Cape Town, &c—Clan Forbes (s), 1591, —
Cape Town, &c—Clan Stante (s), 1359, Lowe
Christiana—Sleipner (s), 723, Janssen
Colombo, &c—Clan Mackenzie (s), 1330, Wilson
Demerara, &c—Arecuna (s), 1720, Strickland
Dunedin—Helen Denny, 728, James
Gothenburg—Bifrost (s), 800, Von Bulow
Guayaquil—Musca, 699, Oltmann
Halifax, &c—Halifax (s), 1600 Hill
Havana, &c—Fort William (s), —, —
Hiogo, &c—Crown of Arragon (s), 2281, —
Kurrachee, &c—China (s), 1394, Fletcher
Kurrachee, &c—China (s), 1394, Fletcher
Kurrachee, &c—China (s), 1893
Leghorn, &c—California (s), 2214
Leghorn, &c—California (s), 2214
Leghorn, &c—California (s), 2214
Malta, &c—Stefanie (s), 855, Gotthardi
Malta, &c—Stefanie (s), 856, Hall
Montevideo, &c—Lucerne (s), 1894
Montreal, &c—Crock (s), 1810, Zambeli
Montreal, &c—Crice (s), 1810, Crighton
Montre Ship.

FROM CARDIFF.

To Ship. Size.

Odessa—Mercia (s), 1074, Taylor
Palma (Majorca)—Antonia, 353, Castro
Palma—Paquito, 307, Fernandez
Panama—Argosy, 1061, Craigen
Para—Apotheker Diesing, 387, Stuht
Perim—Lilburn Tower (s), 1891, Purse
Port Said—Picton (s), 1561, Brown
Port Said—Bernicia (s), 1701, Jones
Port Said—Picton (s), 1561, Brown
Port Said—Pincipia (s), 1789, Massam
Port Said—Pincipia (s), 1789, Massam
Port Said—Port Said—Port Said—Rossini (s), 915, Airey
Punta Lara—Dora Ann, 588, Lloyd
Rangoon—Nicolo Accame, 1371, Boccone
Rio Janeiro—Annie Burrill, 897, Haines
Rio Janeiro—Homewood, 1135, Claverness
Rio Janeiro—Homewood, 1135, Claverness
Rio Janeiro—Homewood, 1135, Claverness
Rio Janeiro—Magnolia, 998, Davies
Rio Janeiro—Magnolia, 998, Davies
Rio Janeiro—Magnolia, 172, Pettersen
Rio Janeiro—Magnolia, 178, Langdon
Rio Janeiro—Thekla, 1479, Hansen
Rio Janeiro—Haelor, 948, Parker
Rosario—Luchina C, 506, Repetto
St. Vincent—Duppel, 488, Reqelle
San Francisco—Bohemia, 1563, Trask
San Francisco—Bohemia, 1563, Trask
Santos—Rebus, 665, Irgens
Santos—Roska, 1172, —, Barnes
Santos—Pdele Armore, 1295, Lamberti
Singapore—Hedevig, 808, Warnken,
Singapore—Hedevig, 808, Warnken,
Singapore—Hedevig, 808, Warnken,
Singapore—Renee Rickmers, 1276, Dirks
Singapore—Renee Rickmers, 1955, Hess
Tarragona—Ro-a, 325, Llorens
Tarragona—Ro-a, 325, Llorens
Tarragona—Ro-a, 825, Llore Size. To Ship.

FROM HULL

FROM HULL.

Bjorko—Salo, 426, Raussi
Buenos Ayres—Carmelina, 871, Olivari
Carlsham—Alina, 335, Bruse
Carlsham—Hercur, 333, Brandt
Esbjerg—Holland (s), 284, Hansen
Gefle—Gevalia, 669, Sjostrom
Gefle—Hn & Sohn, 279, Rohde
Genoa—Vittoria, 410, Ba-ile
Konigsberg, &c—Elizabeth (s), 696, Turnbull
Libau—Odin (s), 352, Jensen
Libau—Solve (s), 299, Balkenhausen
Libau—Solve (s), 299, Balkenhausen
Libon—Cabo Verde (s), 1469, Tito
Melbourne—Duntrune, 1488, Littlejohn
Neder Calix—Dauntless (s), 1098, Goldsworthy
Newfairwater—Hevellus, 374, Bufsert
Reval., &c—Una (s), 839, Usher
Reval—Essex (s), 943, Kershaw
Riga—Cairo (s), 1112, Elliott
St John's (NF)—G C Gradwell, 146, Burnitt
St. Petersburg—Parana (s), 102, T. Law
Stockholm—Thurso (s), 628, Johnston
Stockholm—Severn (s), 431, Peters
Svendborg—Thomas Michael, 215, Eicken
Ystadt—Amalie, 227, Kukken

FROM NEWCASTLE.

FROM NEWCASTLE.

FROM NEWCASTLE.

Buenos Ayres, Bonanza, 534, Knudsen
Cron-tadt—Scotla, 413, Petersen
Dram—Jenny, 142, Tonnerez
Helsingfors, Anna, 493, Moller
Horsens—Greve Friis, 175, Jensen
Memel—Hampton (s), 1382, Page
Mesane—Allendale (s), 569, Thompson
Montevideo—Tri Sina, 839, Veich
Stege—Ceres, 118, Nielsen
Stege—Hiram, 166, Jensen
Stege—Hiram, 166, Jensen
Stege—Warde, 127, Andersen
Swinemunde—Horace, 1059, Dalziel
Villaricos—Bucephalus, 1056, Nicholson

FROM NEWPORT.

FROM NEWPORT.

Bombay—Thorndale (s), 1970, Etherington Buenos Ayres—Flora, 742, Halvetsen Buenos Ayres—Flora, 742, Halvetsen Buenos Ayres—Margherita, 498, Trapani Buenos Ayres—Sovieg, 602, 6jertsen Buenos Ayres—Sovieg, 602, 6jertsen Buenos Ayres—Verena, 418, Nielsen Castro—Core Maria (s), 835
Castro—Sailor Prince (s), 824
Catania—Roseville (s), 1085, Dove Cape Verds—Atlantic, 465, Jager Civita Vecchia—Hester (s), 1090, Wilson Colon—Silo, 377, Pedersen Constantinople—Mari Vagliano (s), 947
Faro—Fils Unique, 139, Leveux Galatz, &c—Kathleen (s), 2086, Storm Jamaica—Chancellor (s), 1377, Lynas La Triniti (WI)—Excelsior, 451, Longobardo Lisbon—Farnley Hall (s), 606, Struth Martinique—Maria Kuyper, 361, Maas Martinique—Maria, 257, Andersen Palermo—Horden (s), 1067
Para—Chateaubriand, 278, Labour Para—Daisy, 461, Lewis Paysandu—Jas D Fisher, 173, Carrey Paysandu—Jas D Fisher, 173, Carrey Paysandu—Sabrina, 316, Bull Rio Janeiro—Cashier, 1379, Telfer Rio Janeiro—Mary Hasbrouck, 732, Ludvig Rosario—Emma G. Scammell, 530, Kirstead Rosario—Teresa Madre, 478, Gazzolo Santos—Johan Hansen, 595, Anderson St. Vincent (CV)—Finsbury (s), 1229, Graystones FROM SUNDERLAND,

FROM SUNDERLAND.

Almeria—Aberdeen (s), 685, Turner Buenos Ayres—Hans Nielsen Hauge, 454, Christoffer-sen Carlscrona—Gothard, 253, —— Carlscrona—Regine, 228, Bjornstadt

To Ship. Size.
Colberg—Terwisch, 184, Fries
Dantzic—Paul Gerhard, 247, Papist
Gefle—Agnes, 197, Larsson
Huelva—Sunbeam, 112, Mortley
Malmo—Vhsta (s), 477, Hasselquist
Memel—Wolgast, 196, Gentzen
Moss—Walter, 148, Nasse
Odense—Nanna, 157, Paulsen
Port Piri—The Frederick, 812, Clark
Riga—Leonhard, 179, Johanssen
Rodvighavn—Wik, 171, Anderssen
Stralsund—Georg and Adolph, 298, Rung
Valparaiso—Deanfield, 1072, ____, Lumsden

Valparaiso—Deanfield, 1072, ______, Lumsden
FROM SWAN: EA.
Algoa Bay—Douglas Castle, 678, Brandi
Algoa Bay—Herbert, 1367, Jobson
Algoa Bay—Lord Clyde, 569, Macbeth
Buenos Ayres—Canning, 657, Matthews
Cape Town—Leon Pancaido, 728, Mortola
Ensenada—Comorin, 355, Johnson
Genoa—Indus, 1111,
Little Bay (NF)—Agenorla, 167, Mason
St Paul de Loando—Prince Alfred, 531, Bennett
Santa Fe-Nuova San Giuseppe, 282,
Savona—Pensa al Domani, 609, Basso
Tucacas—Edgar, 435, Sneller
Valparaiso—Llewellyn, 498, Jones
Wilmington—Hilma, 901, Cronberg

HOMEWARD BOUND SHIPS.

Alicia s, left Havana June 28
left Cienfuegos July 8
Abana, left Quebec July 3
Australian s, left Vera Cruz July 10
Asia s, left Bombay July 24
Aconeagua, left Callao May 18
Adriatic s, left New York July 25
Auran'a s, left New York July 25
Arklow, left St. John, N. B., July 10
Austriana, clrd at Darien, Ga, July 21
Ailsa, left Deunerara June 27
Ann and Jane Pritchard, left Altena July 23
for Liverpoi for

Ann and Jane Pritchard, left Altena July 23

Arica, left Callao March 6
at Sslaverry March 8

Armida, left Calcutta May 3
Altmore, left Calcutta May 12
Ashleigh Brook s, left Napier July 2
left Rio Janeiro August 1

Amphitrite, clrd at Singapore June 11
left Penang July 25
Aston Hall s, left Bombay July 27
via Marseilles
Avon, left Calcutta July 7
Austral s, left Albany July 14
left Suez August 3
Abergeldie, left Sydney April 21
Anita, left Limon June 8
Aerangi s, left Lyttelton prev to July 27
Alishaw, left Port Pirie Maril 18
Ardmillan, clrd at San Francisco April 24
Arberaarne, left Port Pirie Maril 18
Ardmillan, clrd at San Francisco April 24
Arberaene, left Port Pirie May 11
Argus, left St. Germein June 1
Anna, left Zebu March 10
left St. Helena July 12
Apolline Emilie, left Valparaiso May 8
Ardvar, left Iquique April 26
Athene, left Pisagua April 21
Armenia, left Barsein June 6
passed Anjer June 7
Artiere Giovanni, left Buenos Ayres July 7
Astrea, left Rosario June 21
Alcides s, left Montreal August 3
Araby Maid, left Port Pirie April 9
Arcturus, cird at Rangoon April 9
Arcturus, cird at Rangoon March 19
at Port Elizabeth June 17
Ayanti, left Moulmein May 1
Agnes Oswald, left Lyttelton July 10

passed Anjer June 7
Artiere Giovanni, left Buenos Ayres July 7
Astrea, left Rosario June 21
Alcides s, left Montreal August 3
Araby Maid, left Port Pirie April 9
Acteurus, cird at Akyab April 23
Alberigo, cird at Rangoon April 9
Admiral Tegethoff, left Bassein April 20
Affezione, left Bassein April 30
A D Bordes, left Valparaiso May 23
Arctic Stream, left Rangoon March 10
at Port Elizabeth June 17
Avanti, left Moulmein May 1
Agnes Oswald, left Lyttetton July 10
Aboukir Bay, cird at San Francisco July 21
Akaroa, left Rosario June 1
Alma, left Rosario June 1
Anna, cird at Bassein April 28
Alve Gibson, left Port Townsend
March 21
Akaroa, left Rangoon March 23
Alex Gibson, left Port Townsend
March 21
Akaroa, left Rangoon March 23
Alex Gibson, left Port Price April 29
Arracan s, left Rangoon March 23
Alex Gibson, left Port Townsend
March 21
Akaroa, left Rangoon March 23
Alex Gibson, left Port Price April 29
Arracan s, left Rangoon March 23
Alex Gibson, left Port Price April 29
Arracan s, left Rangoon March 23
Abercorn, left Port Price April 29
Arracan s, left Bangkok July 7
left Periu August 3
Amy Dora s, cird at Pensacola July 14
Aigburth, left Astoria May 15
Astoria, left Port Townsend April 15
Astoria, left Port Townsend April 15
Astoria, left Port Townsend April 15
Astoria, left Port Minington July 10
spoken July 16, 35 N, 71 W
Ardancorrach s, left Coosaw July 25
Andrea Papa, cird at Pensacola July 3
Athenian s, left Cape Town July 23

B Bacchus, left San Francisco June 8

for Liverpool

В

Bacchus, left San Francisco June 8
Bay of Panama, left Rangeon March 13
left St. Helena June 28
Bolan, left Calcutta April 27
Bempton s, left Manilla June 6
passed Gibraltar August 1
Bactria, left Calcutta June 6
British Empire, left Pisagua April 13
Bothwell, left San Francisco June 4
Bruce, left Pensacola July 4
Bruce, left Pensacola July 4
British General, left San Francisco July 21
British Prince s, left Philadelphia August 1
British Prince s, left Philadelphia August 1
Bertha, clrd at Parrsboro July 12
Bessie Hamilton, ch'd at Pensacola June 15
British Composition of the principle of the proposition of the principle of the proposition of the principle of the proposition of the principle of the principle of the proposition of the principle of the principle

Bertha, clrd at Parrsboro July 12 for Liverpool
Bessie Hamilton, clrd at Pensacola June 15
for Liverpool
for Lordon

Ballarat s, left Melbourne June 29 left Malta August 3

Bravo, la Belair state
Belleron le
Balloch
Bulimb
Britann
Bernare
Baldur,
Barcelo

A

Benan, Burgen a Bolivia Barran Bedfore Bessel, Beech Bolivia Beresfo Brahm Banffsi Brodre Beltan Belle, Bonita

Coven Cordil Canda City o Coroll Cubar Cepha City o Corin Cavie

Crow Clan City of Clem Cond

Cypr Caw Cour Casc Clan Cour Clar City Con City Cla

Car Cor Cla Col Cle Cle Co Co Ch Ca Ca

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| | August 11, 1000. | SERIT MINING. | 10 |
|--|--|--|---|
| | Bravo, left Clenfuegos July 6 for London Belairs, left 8k Kitts July 27 for London to leave Barbadoes Aug 1st 10 Bellerophon s, left Shanghai for London left Suez July 31 | City of Adelaide, left Miramichi July 16 City of Liverpool left Quebec July 21 Collector, left Halifax July 22 Christine, left Wilmington June 15 Chicago s, left Bombay— for Goole for Hull | Garston, left San Francisco June 28 Gers, left Iquique April 10 Grimaldo, left Buenos Ayres July 26 Giuseppa, left Cape Haytien June 27 Golden Horn, left Calcutta March 25 Great Garston, left Calcutta March 25 |
| | Billochmyle, left Calcutet July 21 Billimba S, left Calcutat July 21 Britannia, left San Francisco May 10 Bernarline Bravo, left fquique April 5 Bernarline Bravo, left fquique April 5 Baldur, left Iquique July 18 Bollochmyle, left Calcutet July 21 Britannia, left San Francisco May 10 Britannia, left San Fr | passed Gibraltar August 5 Clava Maria, left Port Royal June 25 Duchess of Edinburgh, left Rangoon April 9 for Liverpool | Gylfe, left Quebec July 3 for Greenock at St John, NF, July 19 Gatineau, cird at Quebec July 4 Glance, left Adelaide May 13 at Port Broughton May 18 Gitano, cird at Talcahuano May 2 for U Kingdom |
| msden | Barcellas Side Hangoon April 7 for Channel Beana, left Rangoon April 7 to Channel Burgemeester Schrorer, cird at Banjoewangie April 16 at Algoa Bay July 9 Bolivia, cird at Rangoon May 22 for Channel Baranca, left Mauritius June 18 for Channel Belfordshire, left Pisagua April 28 for Channel Bessel, left Minlacoure, SA June 1 for Channel | Dangy, cird at Parrsboro', NS, July 5 for Liverpool Dr Witte, cird at Wilmington July 16 for Liverpool Dunclm, left Cochin March 20 for London via Havre Left Tellicherry April 22 Duke of Buccleuch s, left Brisbane June 13 for London left Samarang July 23 | sjoken July 4, 31 N, 41 W Glasgow, left Port Augusta May 11 for U Kingdom Gayton, left Pisagua July 2 for U Kingdom Guy Colin s, left Perth Amboy July 14 for U Kingdom Glengarry, clrd at Talcahuano June 19 for U Kingdom Gluseppina Bertollo, left Akyab March 31 for Channel |
| ennett | Besch, lett Min, left Port Pirie June 15 Beach Holm, left Port Pirie June 15 Beatrice Suppicich, left Monte Video April 28 for Channel Bolivia, left Monte Video May 24 Berssford 8, left Bombay July— for England | Dorothea, left Hong Kong April 2 for London passed Anier May 15 Duchalburn, left Calcutta May 17 for London Dorunda 8, left Cooktown July 17 for London left Batavia July 29 | Gezusters v Haaften, left Sourabaya May 17 passed Anjer May 31 Gio Batta Repetto, left Bassein April 23 Gulf Stream, cird at Rangoon May 23 Gift, left Frey Bentos June 5 for Channel |
| A11000 | left Suez about July 21 Brahmin, left Port Wakefield June 15 Banffshire, left Wallaroo May 20 Brodzene, left Charleston July 20 for U Kingdom for Middlesbro | Denbighshire s, left Shanghai July 23 Duart Castle s, left Cape Town July 30 via Madeira Dunrobin, left New York July 21 Delhies, left Calcutta August 2 for London for London | Glanpadarn, left Moulmein May 21 Gavanwood, left Rio Grande June 16 General Nott, left Pisagua May 13 spoken July 18, 14 N, 31 W Germania, left Pisagua May 22 for Channel |
| SHIPS. | Belana, left Adelaide June 14 Bele, cird at Pensacola June 28 Bonita, cird at Pensacola June 28 C | Duke of Athole, left Sydney May 28 for London Dunphaile Castle, left Barbadoes July 18 for London Dunnerdale, left San Francisco for Queenstown at Callao June 4 Drott, left Rio Grande June 8 for Falmouth | Greta, left Adelaide June 15 Golden Horn, left Monte Video July 2 Gamen, left Adelaide June 23 for Channel for Channel for Channel for Cardiff for Newcastle |
| for Liverpool | Coventry Hall, left San Francisco March 4 for Liverpool | Duleep Singh, left Astoria April 13 for Channel Derbyshire, left Bassein June 5 for Channel Dora Ahrens, left Table Bay July 10 for Channel | Giuseppe Costagliola, clrd New York July 23 for Plymouth G M Cairns, left Quebec July 3 for Sunderland |
| for Liverpool for Liverpool | Cordillera, left Callao Feb 21 for Liverpool at Huanacho April 15 Candahar, left Calcutta May 18 for Liverpool | Dygve, left Empedrado—— for Channel Dundale, left Port Augusta May 10 for U Kingdom Dunloe, cird at Talcahnano June 22 for U Kingdom | H Hectanooga, left Manilla April 13 for Liverpool |
| for Liverpool for Liverpool | City of Canterbury s, left Bombay July 7 for Liverpool left Malta July 28 Corolla, left San Francisco June 28 for Liverpool | Drumeltan, left San Francisco May 12 for Hull | passed Anjer May 19 Humboldt s, left New York July 23 Horrox s, left the River Plate for Liverpool |
| for Liverpool for Liverpool for Liverpool | Cuban s, left New Orleans August 2 Cephalonia s, left Boston August 4 City of Ottaw s, left Quebec July 13 for Liverpool | Excelsior, left St. John, NB, July— Editor s, clrd at New Orleans July 29 Equator, left Quebec July 12 for Liverpool for Liverpool | left St Vincent, CV, July 29 Hoghton Tower, left Calcutta May 16 Hellenes s, left Monte Video July 6 for London |
| for Liverpool for Liverpool | Corinna, left Rosario June 2 Cuvier s, left Rosario June 19 left St. Vincent, CV, July 30 for Liverpool | off Crane Island July 18 Eusemere, left Calcutta June 6 for London Enterpe, left Port Chalmers prior to May 4 for London | lett Las Palmas August 2 Hesperia s, left Calcutta July 8 left Suez Ausust 4 for London |
| for London for London | Cown of Denmark, cird at San Francisco July 17 for Liverpool Clan Macdonald s, left Bombay July 26 for Liverpool | Eme, left Hong Kong March 19 for London via Havre. Left St Helena June 26 Emilie, cird at Trinidad July 3 for London | Henzada s, left Bombay July 13 for London left Aden August 1 Hope, left Mauritius May 12 for London |
| for London for London | left Aden August 5 City of Chester s, left New York July 23 for Liverpool Clement s, left Ceara July 28 for Liverpool | Essexs, left Albany May 16 for London would leave Port Said July 26 Eagle s, left Barbadoes July 20 for London | off Cape Town June 16 Hurza s, left Bombay August 1 Hawarden Castle s, left Cape Town August 1 |
| for London | Cambrian Monarch, left Port Pirie March 17 for London for London for London | Earnock, left Adelaide April 24 for U Kingdom left Wallaroo June 14 Earl Wemyss, left San Francisco | Herat, left San Francisco March 26 for Queenstown Humboldt, left Iquique July 6 for Falmouth |
| for London for London | via Havre, left St. Helena July 12 Cypromene, left Calcutta April 25 Cawdor left Calcutta April 28 for London for London | May 29 for Queenstown Edward Percy, left Iquique May 14 for Falmouth Emeline Jenkin, left Rio Grande May 19 for Falmouth | Heros, left Buenos Ayres June 23 for Falmouth Highland Home, left Rangoon March 30 for Channel left St Helena July 12 Henrik Ibsen, left Akyab April 2 for Channel |
| for London for London | County of Peebles, left Calcutta May 30 for London Cascapelia s, left Manilla July 1 for London left Perim August 5 | Ednyfed, left Iquique August 2 Earl Rosebery, left Port Broughton April 7 for Falmouth for U Kingdom | left Mauritius June 6 Hatren left Rio Grande June 30 for Channel |
| for London Queenstown for Q'town | Clan Mackenzies, left Calcutta July 4 for London left Suez July 31 County of Edinburgh, left Calcutta June 11 for London Clan Macintosh s. left Calcutta July 13 for London | Elginshire s, left Rangoon July 2 for U Kingdom left Suez August 6 Europa, left Bassein May 27 for Channel | Harriet, left Rio Grande June 28 Highmoor, left Adelalde April 19 Heto, left Quebec July 2 Habet, left Halifax July 20 for Leith for Menai Bridge |
| Queenstown Queenstown or Falmouth | Clan Macintosh s, left Calcutta July 13 for London left Suez August 6 Clan Gordon s, left Galle July 11 for London left Suez August 2 | Earlscourt, left Columbia River May 2 for Channel Eildenhope, clrd at Rangoon April 30 for Channel Erato, left Paysandu June 7 for Channel | Hondeklip, clrd at Port Nolloth June 1 left St Helena June 26 for Swansea |
| or Falmouth or Falmouth or Falmouth or Falmouth | City of London s, left Calcutta July 18 for London left Suez August 7 Congella s, left Natal July 23 for London for London for London | Else, left Mauritius June 1 East Lothian, left Bassein July 10 Elsa, left Salina July 19 Endriek, left St. John NB. July 18 for Clanakilty | I Trby, left San Francisco July 13 for Liverpool Istrian s, left Boston August 1 for Liverpool India s, left Calcutta July 6 for London |
| or Falmouth | Clan Matheson s, left Calcutta July 29 for London left Colombo August 6 canada s, left New York July 28 for London Concurrent, left Escoumains about July 12 for London | Eurydice, clrd at St. John, NB, July 7 Easterhill, left Pisagua May 10 Eastward, left Rio Grande June 15 Edinburgh, left Port Pire Marcn 30 for Channel for Channel | left Colombo July 16 Ionia s, left Canterbury July 21 for London Iberia s. left Adelaide July 23 for London |
| for Glasgow for Channel for Channel | Clan Stuart's left Auckland— for London left Madras July 26 Columbus, left Singapore April 5 for London passed New Anjer April 27 | spoken May 20, 28, S 44 El Elioabeth Ahrens, left Iquique March 5 Emilie, left Bangkok—— for Channel | Insel, left Buenos Ayres May 29 Ingolf, left Bahia June 1 Ivanhoe, left Frey Bentos May 29 India, left Rangoon April 18 for Channel |
| for Channel for Channel for Channel | Cloncaird, left San Francisco April 13 for Queenstown | passed New Anjer May 15 Esmeralda, left Rio Grande June 28 Europa, left Rosario March 23 Evelyn, left Portland O, May 12 for Channel | Iona, left Quebec July 18 Iona, left Port Nolloth June 16 Ida, left Thorshavn (Faroe) June 16 Ida to Liverpool |
| for Channel for Channel | Cooleen, left Mauritius April 26 for Queenstown passed St. Helena July 1 County of Caernaryon, left Astoria July 17 for Q'town | Evelyn, left Portland O, May 12 left Astoria May 13 Exe s, left Bangkok prev to July Explorer, left Pisagua May 26 for Channel | left Malta August 6 Ino left Frey Bentos April 22 for Channel put into Monte Video prev to May 5 leaking |
| for Channel for Channel for Channel | Chasca, left Corinto July — for Queenstown Caricca, left Tocopilla May 28 for Falmouth Catherine, left Table Bay May 30 for Falmouth via Ichaboe | Ellisif, clrd at Pascagoula July 16 for Dublin Edmund Kaye, clrd at Quebec July 24 for Newcastle Eliza Everett, clrd at Pascagoula July 18 for S'hampton | Italia's, left New York July 28 for Avonmouth J |
| for Channel for Channel for Channel | Clyader, left Columbia River May 22 Ciscar, clrd at Buenos Ayres June 2 Carmelo, left Iquique June 10 for Falmouth for Falmouth | Ebba, clrd at Campbelton, NB, July 13 for Sharpness | Joseph Haydn, left Singapore May 21 for Liverpool passed Anjer June 9 |
| for Channel for Channel U Kingdom | Cesira, left Rosario June 13 for Falmouth Cadwan, left Pisagna July 30 for Falmouth | Flintshire, left San Francisco April 21 for Liverpool Forganhall, cird at Quebec July 4 for Liverpool Falls of Clyde, left San Francisco July 31 for Liverpool | Joseph Arbid s, left Cocanada June 3 passed Gibraltar August 4 Jupiter, left Iquique May 15 Juletrae, left Lyttleton April 25 for London |
| U Kingdom U Kingdom U Kingdom | Capella, cird at Bangor, Me, July 19 for Greenock for Channel County of Cardigan Left Akyab March 18 for Channel | Fiery Cross, left Port Pirie April 30 for Queenstown Fifeshire, left San Francisco May 22 for Queenstown | Jane Sprott, left Adelaide May 2 At Lima prior to July damaged for London John o' Gaunt, left San Francisco April 12 for Q'town |
| J Kingdom | Combria, erth at Rangoon April 9 for Channel Cambria, left Moulmein April 21 for Channel Cordelia, left Valuaraiso Mony 25 | Frithjof, left Zarate June 2 for Falmouth Fano, clrd at Guayaquil May 8 for Falmouth Forsete, left Cape Haytien May 22 for Falmouth | J H Ramien, left Punta Arenas June 26 Johan, left Gualeguay May 20 J C Warns, left Adelaide May 8 left Port Germein May 28 left Port Germein May 28 Left Port Germein May 28 |
| for Barrow for Cork for Cork | Calcutta, left Banjoewangie April 17 for Channel Calcutta, left Iquique June 7 for Channel Coschetto Left Rangeon April 18 | Falls of Earn, left Calcutta April 16 for Dundee Favorit, left Bassein May 26 for Channel Fanny Mimbelli, left B'nos Avres June 23 for Cardiff | Jamaica, left Noumea June 30 for Bowling |
| J Kingdom Fleetwood | Cochrina, left Pisagua July S Carl Gustal, left Kingston, J, June 26 Gitadel, left Bangkok prev to Ang 2 Cambrian Queen, left Punta Lobos April 30 for London Carrie Harvey, left Rio Grande, June 28 | Fangilias, cird at Pensacola July 20 for Newport Fearnought, left St. John, FB, June 30 for Waterford Fanny, left St. John's, NF, July 10 for Greenock | Jens Nielsen, clrd at Halifax July 19 John Bunyan, left Table Bay June 21 for Cardiff Jane Fairlie, left Mauritius June 26 for Crok |
| ondonderry or Newport uthampton | Castelar, cird at Salt River June 21 for Channel | Furnéssia's s, left New York August 4 Freia, left Buenos Ayres, May 15 Fritjof, left Rio Hache— spoken July 2, off Castle Island | K Kong Oscar, cird at Parrsboro, NS, July 21 |
| r Liverpool | left St Helena July 4 Christine, left Mouriting April 6 | Godiva, left Calcutta June 23 for Liverpool | Karamania s, left Calcutta August 4 Kong Sverre, left Savannah July 23 for Liverpool for Liverpool for London |
| r Liverpool Liverpool | Clara B, left Monte Video June 9 Coet's, left Posserie Luce June 9 | Gudrun, left Manilla May 14 for Liverpool Grecian, left San Francisco April 10 for Liverpool | KenilwortJ, left Port Pirio May 14 for Channel spoken July 1, 34 S 23 E Kildonan, left Iouique May 30 for Channel |
| Liverpool Liverpool | Cressington, left Melbourne April 6 Corinth left Port April 6 Corinth left Port April 6 | Greenock, cird at Pensacola July 19 for Liverpool Gallia s, left New York August 1 for Liverpool Gyda, cird at Parrsboro, NS, July 21 for Liverpool | Kate Burrill, clrd at St. John, N.B, July 21 for L'derry |
| Liverpool Liverpool Liverpool | Passed Ascension June 3 Cassandra, left Port Augusta March 17 for U Kingdom Corenella, left Port Pipio April 2 | Gulf of Suez s, left Callao July 12 for Liverpool Glenorchy s, left Hong Kong June 22 for London | via Marseilles. Passed Perim July 23 Khiya s. left Bombay June 23 for Liverpool |
| Liverpool | passed St Helena July 12 County of Filint, left Port Wakefield Ap 26 for U Kdom Cape Wrath, left Addicide Wakefield Ap 26 for U Kdom | left Singapore July 9 Godiva s, left Demerara July 17 Glencoe s, left Singapore July 21 left Penang July 23 for London | Kalliope, cird at Pensacola July 3 Killean, left San Francisco July 13 Kong Oscar II, cird at Parrsboro, NS, |
| Liverpool Liverpool | left Port Germein June 15 County of Merioneth, left Astoria June 21 for U K'dom | Greece s, left Mannila July 28 Greece s, left New York August 4 Goork has left Calcutta July 21 for London | July 14 Kentmere, left Calcutta March 27 passed Ascension July 3 |
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| L | Oopack s, left Shanghai June 15 for London |
| Lake Winnipeg s, left Quebec July 31 for Liverpool Lord Templetown, left Calcutta March 26 for London | Ochone, left Calcutta May II for Londo |
| | Oakhurst, clrd at Talcahuano May 12 for U Kingdor |
| Loch Carron, left Calcutta April 14 Loch Shiel, left Melbourne May 16 Lodestar, left Calcutta, April 29 for Londor | Oscar II., clrd at St. John, NB, July 7 Ormuz s, left Adelaide August 6 for Liverpoo |
| Lord Canning, left Calcutta May 10 for London | Oamaru, left Aukland — for Londo |
| Lochee, left Calcutta July 13 for London | Oaklands left South Australia July 2 for Channel |
| Larnica, left New York July 16 for London Ludgate Hill s, left New York July 28 for London | Ontario s, left Quebec August 7 for Bristo |
| Lord Cairns, left San Francisco June 7 for Queenstown Limache, left Iquique April 14 for Queenstown | Oscar, left Quebec July 12 for Belfas Osanna, cird at New York July 21 for Exmout |
| Luigi Padre, left Buenos Ayres May 20 for Falmouth Loreto, left Buenos Ayres July 23 for Falmouth | D |
| Lowther Castle, left Calcutta April 15 for Dunder | Peno, left Mauritius June 18 for Liverpoo |
| La Querida, cird at Talcahuano May 25 for U Kingdom Lochinvar, left Port Pirie May 28 for U Kingdom | left Perim July 21 |
| Lindores Abbey, left Astoria April 30 for U Kingdem Lake Superior s, left Port Pirie June 7 for U Kingdom Loch Awe, left Adelaide June 22 for U Kingdom | Petitcodiac, clrd at Hillsboro July 14 for Liverpool Port Augustas s, left Newcastle, NSW |
| Lanarkshire, left Lyttleton, NZ, June 13 for Channel | June 19 for London |
| Libussa, left Bassein March 12 for Channel Lilla, left Cebu May 21 for Channel | Port Darwin s, left Singapore June 19 for London |
| Loch Katrine, left Melbourne June 8 for Channel | Fort Denison's, left Singapore July 9 for London |
| Linda, left Bangkok July 11 for Channel | Pekin s, left Colombo July 26 for London |
| Linda, lett Bangkok July 11 Lady Cairns, left Portland, O, April spoken May 8, 27, N, 129 W Livingstone, cird at Pensacola June 18 Lob Brown Left Science 19 | via Marseilles left Åden August 6 Paramatta s, left Colombo July 25 for London |
| Loca Dioom, let Salgon June / for Livernoo | Pandora, left Buenos Ayres May 29 for Falmouth |
| Loch Doon, left Pisagua April 94 for Liverpool | Ploneer, lett Pisagua June 5 for Falmonth |
| Lobo, left Talfal May 5 for Channel | Port Glasgow, left Iquique June 2 for U Kingdon |
| for Channel | i teri, lett Fort Germein May 1 for U Kingdon |
| spoken June 20, 23 S, 28 W | Papa, left Apia April 4 for Channe Penthesilea, clrd at Rangoon May 30 for Channe |
| Monoplana left Adalaida Managa | Peppina, left Frey Bentos June 9 for Channe |
| Mangalone, left Adelaide May 22 Mendez Nunez s, left Porto Rico July 19 for Liverpool | Petrel, left Halifax June 28 for Llanelly |
| Magnificent, left Quebec July 17 for Liverpool Marti Codolar, left Timaru May 5 for London | passed St. Helena June 25 |
| Merionethshire s, left Shanghae July 22 for London | Pacifique s, left Lola June 26 for Liverpool left St. Vincent July 23 |
| Mooltan s, left Calcutta July 26 for London | Payta, left Salaverry March 28 for Liverpoo |
| Murrumhidgee a left Adeloide Tuly 90 | left Spez August 4 for London |
| Minero, left Fremantle July 24 Minnie Brown, left Iquique April 27 Maria D, left Zerate May 26 for Falmouth for Falmouth | Pallas s, left Calcutta — for Londor |
| for Falmouth | for London |
| Minerva, left Paramaribo June 14 for Falmouth Mary, left Jamaica June 16 for Falmouth | Foneman, left Bull River, July 19 for I Kingdom |
| Mary Graham, cird at Apalachicola | PG Blanchard, cird at New York July 23 for Stetting |
| Milyarton left Dout Townsond Amell F | |
| Morna, left San Francisco April 14 Mona, left Rangoon April 13 for Channel for Channel for Channel for Channel for Channel | Regent, left Singapore May — for Liverpool |
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| Maria, left Tuyu June 3 for Channel Maria, left Tuyu June 3 for Channel Mary Elizabeth, left Port Victor June 3 for Channel Malabar s, left Bangkok June 18 U Kingdom passed Gibraltar August 4 firella, clrd at Port Pirie May 7 for U Kingdom | via Bahia Roman s, left Boston July 31 for Liverpool |
| Malabar s, left Bangkok June 18 U Kingdom | Rialto, left Hong Kong March 22 for London passed Anjer April 28 |
| | Rio, left Mauritius June 12 for London R Morrow, left Madras June 10 for London |
| Mersey, left Port Augusta March 31 for U Kingdom Mountain Laurel, left Adelaide June 13 for U Kingdom Mary Low, left Astoria June 13 for U Kingdom Jobile Bay left Postbard 0.3 | River Thames, left Port Pirie March 20 for Q'town passed St Helena July 6 |
| Mobile Bay, left Portland, O, April 11 Matthew Bedlington s, left Newport Nova Politics | |
| latthew Bedlington s, left Newport for Belfast News July 18 | Rissetto C, clrd at Pensacola July 3 for Greenock |
| News July 18 filtiades, left San Francisco April 12 for Cork faria Lauretta, clrd at Chatham, NB, July 12 | Reinger, lett Monte video May 26 Rokeby Hall, lett Iquique June 8 Rissetto C, clrd at Pensacola July 3 Rosenius, letf Port Pirie March 8 at Cape Town July 18 Rosshire s, lett Java June 17 lett Malta August 4 Rembrandt s. left Singanore June 29 Rembrandt s. left Singanore June 29 Rembrandt s. left Singanore June 29 Town July 18 T |
| Sonto Poro a left Columbia | Rosshire s, left Java June 17 for U Kingdom left Malta August 4 |
| left Gibraltar August 7 | passed Gibraltar August 1 |
| datterhorn, left Calcutta June 13 for Hull | Rapide, left Brunswick Go June 19 for IT Kingdom |
| and Scammen, cird at St John, NB, July 9 | leit Suez about July 30 |
| for Newport Iarquis of Worcester, clrd at Port Nollotn June 1 | Religione e Liberta, left Moulmein April 7 Rewa, left Port Victor March 18 for Channel |
| Jarana, left Calcutta July 2 for Swansea | at Cape Town June 25 Russia, clrd at Rangoon June 11 for Channel |
| left Aden August 2 | Rimac, left Iquique July 26 for Channel Roscrana s, left Astoria July 26 for Channel |
| lary, left Rio Grande May 16 for Liverpool for Liverpool | Royal Alice, left Port Townsend May 20 for Contr |
| lethley Hall s, left Bombay July 13 for Liverpool left Port Said July 30 for Liverpool | Recco, cird at Pensacola July 20 for Sharpness |
| orse, cird at New Orleans prior to July 18 for Liverpool lozart s, left the River Plate for Liverpool | Political Barcelona July 30 |
| left St. Vincent, CV August 1 agellan s, left Rio Janeiro August 2 arcia s, left Manilla July 20 left Singapore August 2 for Liverpool for Liverpool | Robina s, left Baltimore July 21 Rome s, left King George's Sound Aug 3 Runer, left Cienfuegos July 10 for London for London |
| arcia s, left Manilla July 20 for Liverpool left Singapore August 4 | Rome s, left King George's Sound Aug 3 Runer, left Cienfuegos July 10 Razeto, left Buenos Ayres July 6 for London for Falmouth |
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| xe, cird at Singapore April 18 for Liverpool | left Port Said July 31 |
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| paul s, left Colombo July 14 for Liverpool | left St. Vincent July 30 |
| onpareil s. left Barbadoes July 23 | San Ignacio de Loyola s, left Manilla July 23 for Liverpool |
| lovo Stella, cird at Rangoon March 97 for Change | St. Oswald s, left Singapore July 23 for Liverpool Samaria s, left Boston July 28 for Liverpool |
| | Spain s, left New York August 1 for Liverpool |
| r, left Halifax July 20 ptune, clrd at Campbelton, NB, Joly 11 for Liverpool colette, left Quebec July 14 thsdale a left Lag Palyon July 20 | Sarnia s, left Quebec August 7 Sirius, left Callao April 17 for Liverpool for Liverpool |
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| | Jeff Cochin May 6 |
| | Star of Denmark, left Calcutta June 9 for London |
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oe, left Callao May 8
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ebina Goudey, cird at Mobile June 25
for Southampton

Tenasserim, left Calcutta April 12
Theodore Ducos, left Tahiti July 15
Temple Bar, clrd at Penasacola July 20
Theodor Ruger, left Hong Kong March 16
Dassed St. Helena July 7
Tongariro s, left Lyttelton June 29
left Teneriffe August 1
Theodor Fischer, left Philadelphia July 24
for London Thiorva, left Singapore June 4
passed Anjer June 21
Titan s, left Shanghai ——
left Suez July 30
Tarapaca, left Iquique May 2
spoken July 6, 2 N, 27 W
Turkistan, left Bangkok August 3
Terzo, left Quebec July 21
Thurland Castle, left Astoria May 13
Teresa Accame, left Rangoon March 20
Toledo s, left Monte Video July 18
left St. Vincent August 5
Tynron, left Natal——
left Mauritius June 20
U Uppingham s, left Singapore, June 30
Upzinto s, left Natal July 8
Left Teneriffe July 30
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Unione, left Buenos Ayres June 12 Vanloo, left Quebec July 17
Victoria s, left Melbourne July 13
Left Aden August 6
Vingolf, left Port Natel June 9
Ventura, left San Francisco May 24
Valborg, left Bahia June 19
Venezian, chrd at Rangoon May 15
Victoria Bay, left Port Augusta May 3
Victoria Bay, left Port Nacel
Victoria Bay, left Bay, le Vooltan, left San Francisco July 17
V. H. Corsar, cird at Pensacola July 19
Voodlark, left Lyttelton May 14
Vanlock, left Tutticorin July 7
Vasa, left Monte Video June 18
Vega, left Bangkok March 4
Tat Port Elizabeth June 16
Vest Lothain, left Singapore June 17
at Bangkok July 7

To Liverpol for Liverpol for Liverpol for Londen
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An action is being brought at Dundee by the captain and crew of the schooner Queen of the Dart, against James Franklin Davidson, registered owner of the vessel, for payment of £50 1s. 7d. wages, and for breach of contract. The Queen of the Dart was fitted up to proceed on a mission to Christianise the Esquimaux, and Mr. Davidson was the missionary elect. He engaged the crew, but the subscriptions not coming up to his expectations, the missionary enterprise was abandoned, and a whale fishing expedition decided upon, but this also was given up. given up.

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